

The Times



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THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 15, 1892.

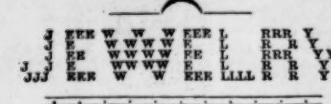
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A CHRISTMAS GIFT!

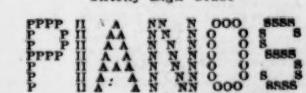
Strange indeed if you could not be suited
with something in the



Line which we are selling at YOUR OWN
FIGURES to make room for our
increasing trade in

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!

Of which we carry a large and varied assort-
ment at Very Low Prices. But on
Strictly High Grade



We quote lower prices for cash or installments
than you ever thought possible. Call
and inspect our Mammoth stock:
Every design and wood
imaginable.

BARTLETT'S MUSIC HOUSE.

103 N. Spring st.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
Under the Direction of Al Hayman.
McLain & Lehman, Managers.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, DEC. 16-17.
Special matinées Saturday.

Appearance of the Charming Comedienne,

PATTI ROSA,

Allday by
JOE CATHORN, MAURICE DABCY
And STANLEY COOPER.

TWO NEW PLAYS:

Friday Night and Saturday Matinee.

Dollie Varden.

Saturday Night.

Miss Dixie.

Prices: Evening, \$1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c. Matin-
nee, 75c, 50c, 25c.

NEW LOS ANGELES THEATER
H. C. WYATT Manager.

FRIDAY EVENING AND SATURDAY
MATINÉE, DEC. 16 AND 17.

The Musical Event of the Season.

MR. BERNARD MOLLENHAUER,
Violin Virtuoso, etc.

Assisted by

MISS AUGUSTINE BERGER,
Pianist, etc.

Mrs. J. Stormer, Mezzo Soprano. Loreda Quan-
tette, Miss Agnes Pennington, Winifred B. Hunt, Alice H. Moore, and Edith Gardner.

Miss Jessie Dagnall, Mr. W. F. Wallace, Miss Hattie Knickerbocker, Mr. J. H. Bren-
ner, Accordionist.

Popular Price, 50c. Seats on sale Thursday at 10 a.m.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
UNDER THE DIRECTION OF AL HAYMAN.
MCLEIN & LEHMAN, MANAGERS.

MONDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 19.

—BY GENERAL REQUEST.—

Repetition of Weber's Romantic Opera.

DER FREISCHUTZ!

(The Magic Bullet.)

Given by HERR and MADAME BUBO and
their pupils.

English Words! Excellent Cast!

Superb Orchestra!

Advance seat sale open Saturday, December
15, 1892, at 10 a.m., at the office of Mary
gold's and Gardner & Zellner's music stores on
Broadway. Usual prices, \$1, 75c, 50c, 25c.

AA ATHLETIC PARK

For Championship of Pacific Coast:

SAN JOSE,

Winners of First Half.

LOS ANGELES,

Winners of Last Half.

Wednesday, Dec. 14.

Thursday, Dec. 15.

Saturday, Dec. 17.

Two Games Sunday, Dec. 18.

Games called 2 p.m.

Ladies free week days.

Y. M. C. A. AUDITORIUM—

PIANO—

RRR EEE CCC II TTTT A A L
RRR EEE CCC II T T AAA L
RRR EEE CCC II T T AAA L

—By—

EMMA STRATTON BRUCE,

Assisted by—

Miss Bertha Penning,

Vocalist.

Miss Josephine Williams,

Elocutionist.

DECEMBER 15, 1892, 8 O'CLOCK P.M.

Tickets, 75c, admitting two, single tickets,
50c. Tickets for sale at Bartlett's Music House,
103 N. Spring st.

M. H. ENRY J. KRAMER

Will New Classes in

DANCING.

As follows: For beginners, ladies and gentlemen,
misses and masters. Saturday morning, Dec. 15, at 10. New Office and Academy, 139 W. Fifth st.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES—

Largest and best assortment and lowest prices.
Free delivery. Leave or telephone orders to

ALTHOUSE BEGGS, 105 W. First st. Tel. 309.

DENTISTS.

1892—ESTABLISHED 1882

D. R. W. WELLS, COR. OF SPRING AND

First st., Wilson Block; take elevator.

Gold crowns, specialties, teeth
extracted without pain.

A. D. DENTIST, REMOVED TO

129 W. 5th st., formerly first-class

operations. The lowest prices in the city; filling
and extracting without pain.

C. M. DENTAL PARLORS, 226 S.

Spring st., Stowell Block; open evenings.

G. CUNNINGHAM, DENTIST, 131 N.

Spring st., rooms 1 and 2, Phillips Block.

D. R. W. BRODRECK, DENTIST, RE-

moved to 223 S. Spring st., rooms 2 and 3.

R. TOLHURST, DENTIST, 108 W. N.

Spring, rooms 2, 6, 7; painless extracting.

F. PARKER, FORMERLY THIRD AND

Broadway, has located at 145 N. Spring.

F. PARKER STEVENS, 324½ S. SPRING ST.

Open evenings, 24c light.

D. R. G. KNEPPER, DENTIST, OLD WIL-

son Block, 126 W. First st.

HOTELS.

HOLLENBECK HOTEL CAFE—
214 and 216 W. Second st.
J. E. AULL Proprietor.

Catering for Weddings and Parties in or out of
the City.

OYSTERS 50¢ DOZEN.

\$49.50.

GRANT VIEW HOTEL, MONROVIA.

Now open for the season of 1892-93. Rooms

single or en suite; gas, electric bells, hot

and cold water; everything first-class.

Price, \$1.50 per day, \$12.00 per month.

elevations healthiest in California; pure

mountain water and air, tonic for invalids;

large grounds, fine trees, great variety

of Los Angeles and return every day. Ad-

dress GEO. WEAVER, Monrovia.

H. S. KENYON—
KENYON & BRIETMAN,
Cor. Figueroa and Sixteenth st.,
Tel. 1124, Los Angeles, Cal.

The Hotel Figueroa is the finest family hotel

in Los Angeles. Special rates for tourists and

family. Large dining room, 100 seats.

PAINTER HOTEL, PASADENA, 4 MILE

north from center of town, on acre and a half

line; elevated ground, fine view, pure air, 85

rooms, well furnished, homelike, heated by hot

water, rates \$2.50 to \$5 per day. M. D. PAINTER.

HOTEL ST. ANGELO.

Cor. Temple st. and Grand ave.

Quiet, first-class family and tourist hotel.

Rooms with fireplaces, central heat, table

cable car, elevators, sunny rooms, open grates; table strictly first-class; prices

moderate; menu of American cuisine; come

and see. Rates \$2.50 to \$5 per day.

A ROWHILL HOTEL SPRINGS.

The greatest winter resort of Southern California.

Hotel first-class, lighted by incandescent

lights, heated by hot water from the springs;

overlooking Arrowhead Park, Arrowhead

Resort; leaves San Bernardino P. O. at 3:15 p.m.

sharp. City office, Coulter's Dry Goods Store.

HALF PRICE! HALF PRICE!

Will close my entire stock

— DOLLS —

AT HALF PRICE!

LOCKHART'S, 427 S. Spring.

WE SHIP TO COL. DUNCAN, 146 S.

Main, the highest priced oysters in

bulk and retail, also the finest

oysters purporting to be Bewick's, cans

not full shipped, and sold at cheap rates in Calif-

ifornia, and other states.

Twenty miners were brought to the surface

of the mine.

Twenty miners have just been rescued

from the mine, but are still

imprisoned in a seam below where the

fire is raging.

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FROM ABROAD.

Caprivi Playing for Delay
in the Reichstag.

King Behanzin of Dahomey Accuses
the French of Treachery.

The Pope Irritated Over Criticisms
of Mgr. Satoll.

Another Plot Discovered Among the
Followers of the Late President
Balmaceda In Chile—Stringent
Measures to Be Taken.

By Telegraph to The Times.
BERLIN, Dec. 14.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] Caprivi is doing everything in his power to gain time in the hope of winning over the Centre party, but everything points to the abandonment of the Army Bill. Socialists are actively organizing in view of the coming dissolution of the Reichstag. They declare that they are certain of an enormous increase in votes.

It is reported the magistrates have been instructed to have the voting lists ready for January 20. If this is true this points to the conviction in government circles that a dissolution is imminent and necessary.

The debate on the first reading of the Army Bill was continued in the Reichstag today. Herr von Manteuffel, a prominent leader of the Conservative party, made a speech on the measure, in the course of which he resents the assertions cast upon the Conservative party by Chancellor von Caprivi, who a few days ago declared the Reichstag that the Conservatives were supporters of Rector Ahlwardt. On behalf of the Conservative party Manteuffel disclaimed any intention of carrying on a demagogic propaganda. They never made their attitude toward the Army Bill dependent upon concessions in other matters.

Caprivi replied and referred to the report published in the *Kreuz Zeitung* of the recent meeting of Conservatives. He said he drew from this report the conclusion that the party had sympathy for a man who had been condemned by the judges as an aspirer of the army. This statement was greeted with cries of "Oh!" "Oh!" by Conservatives.

Continuing, the Chancellor said he was satisfied now to find that the party had declined to identify itself with Ahlwardt.

Dr. Liebar of the Center party declared that the Centrists would only support the two-years' service clause of the bill under the existing organization, and would oppose the increase in the number of soldiers provided for in the bill. They would, however, oppose other points of the measure. In the course of his remarks Liebar made extended reference to the relations existing between Germany and the Vatican. He laid particular emphasis upon the statement that the Center party would not dream of demanding restoration of the temporal power of the Pope as the price of the Vatican's sanction of the triple alliance.

Upon motion of Dr. Assan Natto (Liberal), the bill was referred to a committee of twenty-eight.

The Reichstag today adopted a motion declaring Rector Ahlwardt entitled to immunity from imprisonment.

THE BRUSSELS CONFERENCE.

At Now Looks as Though It Would Not Adjourn Sine Die.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 14.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] It is considered probable that the International Monetary Conference will not adjourn without date, but will adjourn until sometime next spring, or, perhaps, only for a few weeks. Bi-metallists from India and elsewhere, are decidedly aroused over what they regard as the duplicity of the other side. It is claimed that Great Britain is using Germany and Austria to accomplish purposes that England does not dare openly to urge, for fear of offending India, as well as the British bi-metallist sentiment. A special committee of the conference has been discussing the bi-metallic proposals of Sir William Bouldsworth, of the British delegation, and one of the Belgian delegates, Allard. Tirard's summons to France to accept the office of Minister of Finance, in place of Rouvier, resigned, has interrupted the discussion of Delegate Foville's proposal for the issue of warrants on deposits of silver.

ENGLISH YACHTSMEN PLEASED.

The Acceptance of Dunraven's Challenge Hailed With Delight.

LONDON, Dec. 14.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] British yachtsmen are delighted over the acceptance of Lord Dunraven's challenge by the New York Yacht Club for a race for the America's cup. All that remains is to fix a date for the race. Several other yachts are being built to accompany Dunraven's Valkyrie to America. They will enter the races there, and the season of 1893 promises to be a memorable one in yachting annals. Yacht Designer Watson alone is laying down lines for four yachts to compete in American waters, including one for the Prince of Wales, which is said to be the largest cutter yacht afloat. Dunraven is very much pleased at the prospect of a race, which he thinks will be a good one.

THE POPE ANNOYED.

Irritated Over Criticism of Mgr. Satoll and His Mission.

ROME, Dec. 14.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] Much irritation exists at the Vatican on account of attacks made by certain American Catholic journals on the person and mission of Mgr. Satoll. It is learned as regards the opposition made to the policy of the Pope, the Vatican may cause inquiry to be made into its origin. The Holy Father is desirous that his agents shall be respected, and his views of pacification in the United States shall be followed. If there be any need of it, the Pope will, in this instance, take severe measures with those who oppose his intervention. It is believed here that the Vatican knows whence the hostile criticisms proceed.

BEHANZIN'S COMPLAINT.

The Dahomeyan King Says the French Did Not Keep Faith.

PARIS, Dec. 14.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] King Behanzin writes that the negotiations which took place at Cane resulted in the conclusion of an agreement providing for a cessation of the war in return for the cession of the town of Kotonou to the French.

Gen. Dodds, commander of the French forces, broke the agreement, however, and commenced his march to Abomey, the capital.

Behanzin adds that he thereupon set fire to Abomey and retired to Acra-duton with 20,000 soldiers, and is prepared to carry on a sanguinary guerrilla warfare. He concludes the letter by proposing to cede Whydah to the British.

TROUBLED CHILE.

Discovery of Another Plot—Arrest of the Conspirators.

VALLARTA, Dec. 14.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] Another plot of the followers of the late President Balmaceda has been discovered by the government at Santiago and frustrated. An attempt was made to corrupt the Seventh Regiment, and the fact became known to the government shortly before evening call yesterday. The police closed in, barring the exits of the barracks. The police arrested several groups of conspirators.

The plans of the plotters were seized. Various points in the city were to be sacked, and lists of prominent government officials who were to be killed were found. A number of masks, daggers and revolvers were also found. Forty-six prisoners are now in custody. They are all ex-officers of the Seventh Regiment. The executive intends asking Congress for extraordinary powers. Public opinion demands strong measures.

BALFOUR SAYS ENGLAND MUST ARM.

LONDON, Dec. 14.—Before the adjournment of the Conservative Conference today, Balfour said the Conservatives would support any firm and energetic foreign minister, no matter what what his politics. The condition of the international strain in Europe at present is so great that it would be folly to anticipate confidently an indefinite future of European peace. Unless the imperial forces should be kept at the highest possible efficiency, the time might come when a British foreign minister would be powerless to forcibly support the national honor.

THE IMMIGRATION QUESTION.

LONDON, Dec. 14.—The Chronicle's Vienna correspondent says that according to information from a semi-official source the United States immigration regulations will form the subject of an international exchange of ideas, and the European powers will probably make representations on the subject to the Government at Washington.

ASSASSINATED BY Nihilists.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 14.—Col. Davidoff was murdered at his home at Kieff last night. The crime caused a great sensation among military and civil officials. Col. Davidoff was known to have incurred the enmity of the Nihilists. The general belief is that some member of that party was the assassin.

CHOLERA Lingers at Hamburg.

LONDON, Dec. 14.—The Standard's correspondent at Hamburg says that four cases of cholera have been discovered in the city since the 12th inst.

DAVITT Tires of Parliament.

LONDON, Dec. 14.—The Daily Chronicle says that Michael Davitt's intimate friends state that he will not reenter Parliament.

BRIGGS'S DEFENSE.

The Accused Theologian Continues His Reply.

A Strong Plea for Liberality in the Presbyterian Church—Sentence of Suspension Passed on Prof. Smith at Cincinnati.

By Telegraph to The Times.

NEW YORK, Dec. 14.—[By the Associated Press.] In his argument today Dr. Briggs took up the second charge, which alleged that he coordinated the Bible, church and reason as the sources of divine authority in his celebrated inaugural address. He said that the scriptures are really the greatest authority of the Christian religion. He thought, however, that the authors of the Westminster Confession had not sufficiently recognized that the *logos* was the light of the world as taught in the prologue of John's gospel. If Presbyterian doctrines, as taught by Westminster divines, were alone accepted and the better beliefs of the more liberal modern Presbyterian Church were rejected, then must the soldiers of the Salvation Army, the members of the Society of Friends, unnumbered heathen and unbaptized children be considered eternally lost. He for one, was not willing to subscribe to any such barbarity. The Confession of Faith did recognize that the word should be illuminated by the Spirit of God in the heart. Heathen could be saved by the shining of the *logos* in their minds, and not by belief in a Bible they knew nothing of. As the Pharisees of old were rebuked by Christ for maintaining that they alone possessed all goodness, so now should these modern Pharisees of the Presbyterian Church be rebuked for denying salvation to millions who do not subscribe to their narrow belief.

"Reason," said Briggs, "is acknowledged as the greatest endowment God has given man. It is the holy of holies of human nature; the presence chamber of God with the soul into which the divine spirit enters, when he would influence man and in which our Savious dwells."

Speaking of the Salvation Army, Briggs said:

It is significant that right at the close of our century we have a great organization outside of the church, without ministry or preaching, which seeks, above all things, the salvation of the world, and its endeavors to implant full salvation to all people.

The remainder of the reply, which is very lengthy, went over. It will be printed and submitted to members in that form.

Sentence Passed on Prof. Smith.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 14.—The sentence of suspension of Prof. Smith under the findings of the presbytery was pronounced this morning. Both sides will appeal to the Synod of Ohio. Prof. Smith, it is said, will not be removed from Lane Seminary, as a large majority of the trustees favor his retention.

Now North Dakota Divided Its Votes.

BISMARCK (N. D.), Dec. 14.—North Dakota will this year present an anomaly in the electoral college. Harrison, Cleveland and Weaver will each receive one vote. The State Board of Canvassers has declared that Wabam (Rep.) is elected by eight majority, Williams (Fusion) by fourteen majority, and Rondeaved (Fusion) by 181 majority. The first named will vote for Harrison, the second for Weaver and the last for Cleveland.

THE DAHOMEYAN KING.

King Behanzin of Dahomey Did Not Keep Faith.

PARIS, Dec. 14.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] King Behanzin writes that the negotiations which took place at Cane resulted in the conclusion of an agreement providing for a cessation of the war in return for the cession of the town of Kotonou to the French.

NEALE'S BODY

Said to Have Been Discovered Near Ensenada.

Arrest of a Fair Forger Who is Wanted in Tacoma.

The Rush to the San Juan River Placers Continues.

A Shabby Attempt to Disfranchise the Veterans at the Yountville Home—Actor Curtis Sued—Other Coast News.

By Telegraph to The Times.

SAN DIEGO, Dec. 14.—[By the Associated Press.] It is reported that the body of George Neale, the boy murdered by Capt. Smith, of the sloop Lou, has been sighted in the kelp off the Lower California Coast, near Ensenada. A sailboat has gone out from there.

A FAIR FORGER.

Her Clever Operations in Various Places—Arrested at Last.

TACOMA (Wash.) Dec. 14.—[By the Associated Press.] News was received tonight of the arrest at Huntsville, Ala., of Annie Murphy, alias Miss McRea, who is supposed to have forged numerous drafts purporting to be drawn by the Tacoma National Bank on the Chase National Bank of New York city. Yesterday the cashier of the Tacoma bank received a message from the Farmers and Merchants National Bank, Huntsville, asking as to the genuineness of a draft drawn on the New York bank for \$2947. The reply was that the draft was bogus, and a reward was offered for the woman's arrest. This woman's clever transactions have been causing banks trouble all over the country.

A POPULIST APPEAL.

Members Urged to Send Third-party Men to the Senate Where Possible.

TORONTO (Can.) Dec. 14.—[By the Associated Press.] Copies of a letter from H. E. Taubeneck, chairman of the People's National Central Committee, have been received here, in which he urges members of the new party to force the election of straight-out Populist Senators in those States where they hold the balance of power in the Legislature. Taubeneck's letter purports to be a reply to one received from D. B. Hanna of Tacoma, who wishes to prevent, if possible, any member voting for either a Republican or Democrat. Taubeneck says:

The great question now is: What will the people's party legislators do when it comes to balloting for Senators? Will they be big enough for the position they occupy? Will they remain true to the people who elected them, or will they disgrace the United States and themselves?

The United States Senate by a vote of 150 men left here yesterday. The battle took place fifteen miles from here, and on an order by courier for reinforcements, Maj. Esquibel left immediately with 150 men, but the fight was over and the revolutionists had crossed the river into the United States when he arrived, taking with them twenty prisoners, forty horses and a large amount of ammunition and guns. The Mexican soldiers fought bravely. There were only forty-five of them opposed to 200 revolutionists.

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THE TIMES' CIRCULATION.
INCREASE MORE THAN 70 PER CENT. IN 27 MONTHS.

362,035 Copies in November.

Sworn Circulation of The Times at Various Periods Since August, 1890.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, ss.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, ss.

Personally appeared before me, H. G. Otis, president and general manager of The Times-Mirror Company, and George W. Crawford, foreman of the pressroom of the Los Angeles Times, who both deposed and sworn, depose and say that they daily receive and press room reports of the office show that the average daily editions of The Times for the months given below were as follows:

For August, 1890..... 6,713 copies
For January, 1891..... 8,319
For February, 1891..... 7,777
For March, 1891..... 9,934
For April, 1891..... 10,788
For May, 1891..... 11,606
For NOVEMBER, 1892..... 11,931

[Signed] H. G. OTIS

G. W. CRAWFORD,

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of November, 1892.

R. D. LIST,
Notary Public in and for Los Angeles County, State of California.

The circulation exhibit in detail for November is as follows:

FOR THE WEEK ENDED NOVEMBER 1..... \$3,100

FOR THE WEEK ENDED NOVEMBER 2..... 1,300

FOR THE WEEK ENDED NOVEMBER 28..... 1,150

FOR THE 2 DAYS ENDED NOVEMBER 30..... 1,400

Total..... 362,035

Gross average per day for 30 days..... 10,687

Less unpaid copies daily..... 1,168

Net daily average..... 11,951

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THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

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WANTED—BY MAN AND WIFE, SITUATION in private family or on farm; man well versed in ranch work and careful with horses, and woman as general housewife or maid, term of one year. Address O. J. PERRY, 116 E. First st., room 29. 15

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WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, POSITION in a clerk, collector, porter or driver department wagon; good personal references. Last employment was in a dry goods store. Address O. J. PERRY, 116 E. First st., room 29. 15

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, POSITION

as a clerk, collector, porter or driver department wagon; good personal references. Last employment was in a dry goods store. Address O. J. PERRY, 116 E. First st., room 29. 15

WANTED—AN EXPERT ACCOUNTANT

will write up your books, make out bills and statements, and do all your bookkeeping at reasonable price. Address J. I. ROBINSON, 278 S. Main. 16

WANTED—BY RELIABLE MAN OF EXPERIENCE,

a position as cashier or collector, or as a responsible firm. C. A. T. TIMES OFFICE, 17

WANTED—WORK—PRUNER, ORCHARDIST, GARDENER, GRATER, ETC.

general man, handle chores, milk with references. M. B. BYRNE, 325 S. Main. 18

WANTED—SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN

as deliveryman in a butcher shop, do fair cutting and know the city well. Address O. J. PERRY, 116 E. First st., room 29. 15

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY CHINESE COOKS,

laborers, orange pickers, etc. packers and packers. GEO. LEM & CO., 323 Apalachee St. Tel. 824. 15

WANTED—BY A DRUGGIST, GOOD BUSINESS man, position as manager or clerk; has certificate. 207 NEW HIGH ST.

WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS BOOKKEEPER,

situation, city or country. Address F. C. BUELLE, 425 S. Broadway. 15

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY EXPERIMENTAL HOTEL CLERK.

Address O. J. PERRY, 116 E. First st., room 29. 15

Situations Wanted—Female.

WANTED—BY WIDOW, POSITION AS housekeeper, children of family or other branches and do light housework; no objection to country. MRS. L. VANCE, 211 N. Spring st. 15

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY ATTENDING

school, place to assist for board and room in small family. Address LOS ANGELES COLLEGE, 144 S. Main st. 15

WANTED—BY GERMAN GIRL, SITUATION

as second girl, experienced in house and chamberwork. Address O. J. PERRY, 116 E. First st., room 29. 15

WANTED—POSITION BY YOUNG LADY

in respectable family to assist in housework and sewing. Address O. J. PERRY, 116 E. First st., room 29. 15

WANTED—BY 2 GERMAN GIRLS, SITUATION

in same family to do cooking and second work. Room 1, 6004 S. SPRING. 17

WANTED—COPIING OR ANY KIND OF

writing at home or in office by lady. Address O. J. PERRY, 116 E. First st., room 29. 15

WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED GIRL,

position to do second or light housework. 15

WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED FEMALE

housewife for general housework. Call 289 S. WALNUT ST. 15

WANTED—TO DO DRESSMAKING AND

family sewing. Address L. W. 214 BOYD ST. 15

Wanted—To purchase.

WANTED—WE HAVE BUYERS ON hand for the following described properties:

A cheap lot on the south side of 30th bet. Main and Figueroa or near the Overton tract, W. Tenth near Pearl or on Pico st. bet. Figueroa and Main. 15

A cheap lot on Pico st. bet. Figueroa and Main. 15

A small cottage in southwest from \$800 to \$1000, same direction, from \$1200 to 15. J. C. OLIVER & CO., 237 W. First.

WANTED—WE PAY CASH FOR

FISHING BOATS, PLANE BOATS, PLANE CO.

etc. in good condition. In one week. M. E. BART, Peacock, Ariz. 15

WANTED—ACTIVE WORKERS FOR

PLANE & FISHER & BOYD PLANO CO., cor. Spring and Franklin. 15

WANTED—WE WILL TAKE A LOT

not too far out in exchange for a good plane. FISHER & BOYD PLANO CO., cor. Spring and Franklin. 15

WANTED—TO PURCHASE HOME

in southwest part of city not over \$4,500. BOX 801, Pasadena. Cal. 16

WANTED—FROM \$1 TO \$1000 SEC-

ond-hand furniture, carpets, etc. at Joseph's 429 S. Spring. 15

Wanted—Partners

WANTED—A PARTNER WITH \$10,000

capital to manufacture recently patented article. Address ZEBULON & MELZER, 211 N. Spring st., this city. 15

WANTED—FOR SICK AND ACCIDENT

insurance; first class men can secure profitable contracts. Call or address THE FRIENDLY LIFE AND ACCID. ASSOCIATION, 2306 S. Spring st., room 5. 15

WANTED—YOUNG MAN WITH \$50 TO

\$100, not afraid of manual labor; profitable and constant employment. Inquire room 3, 122 S. BROADWAY. 10 to 12 & 2 to 4 o'clock. 15

WANTED—STATIONERY CITY DRUMMER;

must have some experience in the line. Apply in person at 211 N. SPRING ST. after 7. 15

WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMEN

with parents, one desiring to learn a wholesale business. 699 S. SPRING ST. 16

WANTED—2 CARRIERS FOR GOOD

goods routes. EXAMINER OFFICE, 17 W. First. 15

WANTED—JOB PRINTER, GOOD ALL-

around man. ENTERPRISE, Riverside. 17

Help Wanted—Female.

WANTED—3 LADIES OF REFINEMENT

and business ability to entertain guests and make social calls. Address Mrs. E. STEWART, Pasadena. Cal. 15

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, AT LOS AN-

GELES. Dime Museum. 20 respectable young ladies wanted. \$100 per month, 1st and 2nd. room. 10 to 12. 15

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST

with housework in small family; good wages. Apply 8 a.m. to 12, 529 HAWKINS ST. E. L. A. 15

WANTED—HOTEL AND HOTEL

OFFICE. Mrs. SCOTT'S Employment Office and Bureau of Information. 101 S. Spring st. 15

WANTED—GOOD HELP FOR HOTELS

and families. BOSTON FEMALE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 357 BROADWAY, cor. 4th. 15

WANTED—EXPERIENCED KID GLOVE

saleslady; permanent position. WINCHESTER'S, 309 S. Spring st. 15

WANTED—TEACHER OF SEWING AND

tailoring. Skirt, 175. LOS ANGELES TEACHERS' AGENCY, 1208 S. Spring st. 15

WANTED—A WOMAN TO DO LIGHT

housework in a family of 2; no washing to do. Inquire 226 E. 12th st. 15

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO DO GENERAL

housework in small family. Apply to DR. SOLBERG, 12 E. 12th. 15

WANTED—GOOD GIRL TO TAKE CARE

of children and do second work. Call 137 N. Spring st. 15

WANTED—MILLINERS, SALESLADIES

and apprentices at MOZART'S, 240 S. Spring st. 15

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR HOUSE-

work 3 in family. 2019 S. MAIN ST. 15

WANTED—GOOD GIRL AT 1501 GRAND

AVE. 15

Wanted—To Rent.

WANTED—TO HIRE FOR YEAR

or more, by gentleman and wife, for their residence. Good location, close to city with all modern conveniences; excellent care guaranteed. Address stating price and location. N. Box 76. TIMES OFFICE. 15

WANTED—3 UNFURNISHED OR PART-

MENTED furnished rooms for light housekeep-

ing, with gas, by family of 3. Address 221 S. MAIN ST. 15

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—CITY PROPERTY—Price Given

\$2,100 FOR SALE—AN IMPORTANT

property on Broadway, close in, \$1,200 a front, paying now a set 5 per cent on purchase money.

\$5,000 FOR SALE—A FINE PIECE OF INCOME

PROPERTY, 230 W. First st. 15

\$2,600 FOR SALE—THE CHEAPEST

house and lot in the city, cottage

size, electric road, easy terms.

\$1,100 FOR SALE—NO INTEREST; 4-ROOM COT-

AGE; \$200 cash, balance \$15

GRIDLERY & WEBB, 110 S. Broadway.

\$2,500 FOR SALE—TO BUSINESS

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

PUBLISHERS OF THE

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TWELFTH YEAR.

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Exceeding the combined circulation of all other Los Angeles daily papers.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter.

The Times is for sale at the Occidental Hotel news stand, San Francisco, price 5 cents per copy.

In Missouri they rhyme synonymous with Arkansas.

Doc PARKHURST has apparently stepped on the tiger's tail.

The State of Wyoming seems to have more Governor than it can use.

JUDGING by Paderewski's hair, he would make an ideal member of a football team.

The Farmers' Alliance has struck England. Now let the g.o.m. look out for landslides.

Santa CLAUS is going to be over-worked like everything for the next couple of weeks or so.

Beer is hereafter to be supplied with the drunk all strained out of it. Keeley is getting in his work.

Take down Ada Rehan and let Mary Elizabeth Lease pose for that statue. That would be something like.

WELL, Mrs. Lease cannot be President anyway, and her ambition will have to stop at the Senate. She was born in Ireland.

The "bankrupt treasury" of the United States has nearly four thousand tons of pig silver in it. Who wouldn't be a bankrupt like that?

Ir Mr. Cleveland should make John P. Irish some kind of a Cabinet officer, the Oakland Times will have a conviction fit that will be worth going miles to see.

DAVE HILL is not going into the insurance business after all. He probably wants to stay around close by, so he can make Grover's life a burden to him.

REV. HENRY PRESERVED SMITH has been found guilty. Well, thank Heaven, that wipes one of those heresy cases off the daily newspaper docket any way—we hope.

Dr. RANDOLPH W. HILL of San Pedro has been saying some preposterous things to a San Diegan-Sun reporter, intended to be complimentary to J. De Barth Shorb.

CHICAGO has just completed a new four-mile tunnel under Lake Michigan, and the papers over there gloat because the burglars and highwaymen haven't held it up yet.

Our INY county is getting famous mighty fast. The Ohio State Journal glories in the fact that the result of the election does not hinge upon the returns from up there.

The recent convert and unspeakable mugwump, Wayne MacVeagh, wants to be Grover's Minister to the Court of St. Jim. We stand on this—anything to get Wayne out of the country.

Those arsenic soup kitchens at Homestead do not seem to be very popular, even though there is a hard winter over there. Just plain ordinary soup is good enough for anybody.

GOVERNOR-ELECT LLEWELLING of Kansas got his start on the tow-path of a canal. It is needless to say that this was not in the crank-sunflower State, however. A canal out there on the prairies would be an idle dream.

Gov. LLEWELLING of Kansas will have no dancing at his inauguration. He is a calamity howler of course, and the exercises of the occasion will probably be enlivened by a big whoop of despair by all the Kansas cranks in concert.

The statement made by the San Bernardino Times-Index touching the effect of the recent land decision of the Supreme Court "seems to be without foundation," because the lands in question are not all in the hands of actual settlers.

The San Bernardino Times-Index is going to have Blaine open the citrus fair at Colton. If Emperor Bill of Germany, Mr. Gladstone and the Prince of Wales could also be prevailed upon to join the festivities, it would add to the eclat.

As we expected, the baseball pennant does not come to Los Angeles. But up to date our club are the winners of it, and the mere withholding of the emblem of victory cuts no figure in the case. "Rah for the Angel ball slingers! They are great!"

G. HAMILTON GRIFFIN ought to come back to Los Angeles. When he went up to British Columbia and got in jail this town lost one of its most picturesque features. We are short on fakirs of the Griffin type just as present—"Smoothy" having disappeared also—and he would doubtless catch on here in great shape.

UNAIRY and not at all fairy-like, Lillian Russell is now trying to take all the nasty things back she said about the people and the country west of Denver. It is too late, Lili; you said it and that lets us out with you. When you "tromp" on our feelings, Lili, you become disliked, and that settles it. Go and be a silver statue for all we care, but don't come over the divide again or we'll roast you.

energizing in the South, to promote immigration and create new business.

Gen. Chipman writes from the standpoint of an up-country horticulturist, and he is therefore disposed to magnify the natural resources of his portion of the State. If he should acknowledge the irrigating systems of Southern California as a real source of wealth, instead of a comparative disadvantage, he would be nearer the mark. The history of all irrigating countries shows that this sort of agricultural development leads to intensive culture, the largest average returns per acre and the largest rural population.

Gen. Chipman does not over-estimate the value of railroad competition in the development of Southern California, or the importance of individual enterprise in opening up large tracts to settlement. *Per contra*, he is correct in his estimate of the deterrent factors of the North in land monopoly and in the depopulating and unthrifty tendency of grain farming on a large scale. This sort of development tends to make a few men rich and to beggar the country. It is a sort that is worse than no development at all.

We are certainly under obligations to Gen. Chipman for showing us the bright side of his picture, but the people of the North, if they are wise, will thank him more for showing them the gloomy side. It is for their good, and is only that kind of advice which a sincere friend will tender.

The Azusa—Its Troubles and Triumphs.

No horticultural or agricultural section of Southern California is advancing on broader lines of development than the Azusa, at the eastern end of the San Gabriel Valley. It enjoys the very choicest advantages of soil and climatic conditions and water supply, and is famous for its oranges, apricots, peaches, pears, prunes and small fruits. It is also becoming famous for its large output of produce of various kinds. The farmers and fruit-growers there are gradually acquiring an independence, and the result is manifest in finely improved and carefully-tended places, and in creditable residences.

While the Azusa has always enjoyed the same natural advantages that it now possesses, it has not always been an exemplar of thrift and prosperity. And therein lies a text upon which a valuable sermon might be preached to the residents of outlying sections. It would be a sermon of peace and good will to men, with the reward promised right here on earth in greatly augmented prosperity.

The early settlers of the Azusa were what are commonly termed squatters. The whole country was supposed to be covered by a Spanish grant, and was at one time in the possession of one man. But a survey showed that the grant did not cover as much land as the holder believed it did, and so the squatters came in and took up preemption claims. This precipitated a contest in the courts between the putative owner and the settlers, and the contest dragged its slow length along for twenty years. The heavy expense involved bankrupted the grant owner. At one time he had been the possessor of all the land from the west line of Baldwin's ranch, near Sierra Madre, to the head of the San Gabriel Valley, a stretch of twelve or fifteen miles. He eked out the latter end of his life in a little cabin near his old homestead, which he occupied by suffrage, and at the time of his death he did not possess a foot of land on earth.

While the struggle in the courts was thus disastrous to the old grant owner, it bore pretty heavily on the settlers as well. About every dollar that they could scrape together was expended to fee lawyers and meet court expenses. Some of them starved out or got tired of the harassing struggle and moved away. Those who fought it out to the bitter end and finally procured good titles, when they came to figure up the bill of expense, found that they had paid out more money than it would have cost them to buy their lands out and out. But this was not all of the mischief which came from the lawsuit. The fact that the lands were in controversy—that the holders might lose possession at any time if the fortunes of law went against them—that they were obliged to put every dollar they could raise into their lawyers' hands, leaving them nothing for permanent improvements or working capital—had a depressing effect on the whole section. The blight of contention and poverty was over it all. While the settlements of Anaheim, Santa Ana, Pasadena, Riverside and numerous other places were reaching out for their splendid development, Azusa still struggled, and doing little else.

Of course all law suits have to come to an end some time, and this one, after dragging twenty years and absorbing the full value of the land from each side of the controversy, finally reached a climax. The settlers and their descendants at last held a clear title and were ready to begin anew in the world with an assurance that they might reap the benefits of their improvements. However, they had lived in an atmosphere of contention so long that they could not readily adjust themselves to their new conditions. Then was the question of water rights to be settled between themselves and between their settlement as a whole and neighboring settlements. This led into more lawsuits of the most complicated sort, and into all kinds of angry contentions. It was at one time thought necessary to organize a shot-gun brigade and take possession of the source of supply and hold it by force. "The Azusa water war" is a term which has been engrossed into local history. Anybody who has lived here a few years will recognize it as a familiar acquaintance.

But finally even this controversy was ended. Wiser, more conservative and more peaceful counsels prevailed. A spirit of "live and let live" seemed to get into the community. All of the differences were adjusted on an amicable basis, and it was found that, if the water supply was properly handled, there would be enough for all claimants. Then and not till then, began the real substantial development of the Azusa. Since the time peace was declared all along the line, progress has

been waving her magic wand over the settlement and working the most gratifying transformation. It is today one of the most productive, most promising and most delightful sections of Los Angeles county.

The Azusa Irrigating Company is now about completing a main distributing ditch 15,000 feet long, with a carrying capacity of from 1200 to 2300 inches of water. It is formed of solid six-inch walls of cement on the sides and bottom, and is a model of design and construction. The breadth of the ditch at the bottom is 3 feet 6 inches, at the top 4 feet and the sides stand 8 feet 8 inches high. The contract price for this work is \$21,750. This, however, is only a part of the general distributing system. A series of lateral ditches and pipes yet to be constructed will convey the water from the main ditch to every part of the settlement. The cost of the whole distributing system will be about \$80,000. When completed it will no doubt be one of the finest irrigating plants in the world.

For several years work has been prosecuted vigorously at the source of supply in San Gabriel Cañon. A tunnel was bored through the solid rock, constituting a spur of the mountain, by which to bring the stream out on a proper level and without loss by seepage. Three-quarters of a mile above this a development tunnel has been run into the mountain to the depth of 3000 feet. Its upper end is now beneath the bed of the stream, eighty feet below the surface. This is designed to tap the underflow. It has already augmented the supply about 200 inches, and the work is still progressing.

It seems a pity that since white-winged peace has settled upon the Azusa country with such beneficial results the old-time spirit of contention should again pop its ugly head up in the community. But such is the lamentable fact. One or two of the landowners who do not care to join in the march of progress themselves, and would consequently like to hold everybody else back for company, have begun a suit in the Superior Court to enjoin the company from turning water into the new cement ditch, and thus utilizing the magnificent system.

These balky settlers want the court to issue a mandate to the company obliging it to keep the water running in the old earth ditches, thereby continuing a method of distribution which wastes about 60 per cent. of the supply taken from the cañon.

This, however, is only a small speck of war, and we apprehend that it will not develop into serious proportions. It does not seem possible that, on the demand of one or two individuals, any court would order the abandonment of works so costly, so valuable to an entire community and so essential to the prosperity of the country. If such a precedent were to be established, there would be an end to all public improvements, for nothing is ever attempted on a large scale which does not encounter one or more objectors.

We congratulate the progressive people of Azusa on the magnificent start which they have made, and we are certain that this latest stumbling block in their path will be quickly removed. Meanwhile, if there are any other settlements in Southern California that are wasting their substance in disputes and legal controversies, we advise them to take warning by the experience of Azusa, and follow her later rather than her earlier example.

The Senatorship and the Patronage.

The Stockton Mail, which is one of the staunchest Democratic papers in the State, stands firmly by "Our Steve" in his candidacy for the United States Senatorship, and deduces arguments which ought to set like a lump of lead on the stomachs of those Democrats up in San Francisco who are arrayed in opposition. The great argument among these hostiles has been the distribution of Federal patronage. They want a San Francisco man elected to the Senate so that San Francisco men may have the call on the appointments. The Mail does not waste any words on the shallowness and narrowness of this sort of patriotism, but proceeds to show the patriots how utterly futile their hopes are in any event. To begin with, Mr. Cleveland is himself going to be re-elected, the highest pitch. As in Oahu, she is to be an exponent of power. The support again showed itself equal to the occasion. Mr. Colville, as "John Hartner," displaying especial earnestness and realism in the presentation of his difficult role.

HEADS AND FACES.

Special Correspondence of The Times.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—As I sat eyeing a fashionable girl at a reception I sketched her head and shoulders for today's fashion plate. There need be only one descriptive sentence. You see on her the typical head and face of a swell belle of the winter of 1892-93.

Do you know how to make court plaster stick? Of course patches are not the fashion just now. Still one wants to put on a tiny square of black plaster sometimes, because of a little transient mark on the face, and if one has once put it on it is embarrassing to

The Mail says:

In this view of the case, then, which of the two candidates for the Senate from California, Mr. White or Mr. Foote, does the disinterested reader suppose the president-elect would prefer, should an expression of the subject be obtained from him? It will be remembered that he did not hesitate to say that he desired that millionaire Murphy of New York should stay at home. Why? Because Murphy was infatuated with Hillman.

Mr. Foote and the element of the party that is supporting his candidacy are Hill men. Mr. Cleveland knows perfectly well how they stood, and the friends of Mr. Cleveland who were such at a time when he needed them, are solid for Mr. White, and they, too, are solid for Mr. White.

So how can the election of either Mr. White or Mr. Foote affect the status of any member of these two factions?

If the Hill-Cleveland supporters were salved over the situation might be different.

But even then it would be nothing more than a manifestation of the instincts of human nature for the President to remember his friends in preference to his foes.

The election of Mr. Foote ten times over would not efface the knowledge from his memory. On the other hand, the friends of Mr. Cleveland who were such at a time when he needed them, are solid for Mr. White, and they, too, are solid for Mr. White.

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whether they are presented to the President's consideration by either Senator Foote or Senator White. This is for them a sad outlook, and the worst thing about it is that it seems so much like a foregone conclusion. "Tis true 'tis pity, and pity 'tis, 'tis true."

R. B. CARPENTER, by courtesy Senator from Los Angeles (accidentally), is credited by the San Francisco Examiner with an ambition to become President pro tem. of the State-Senate. We do not pretend to know or even guess what that end of the late Legislature of a thousand scandals will do in this matter; but certain it is that Carpenter misrepresents Los Angeles, and has forfeited the confidence of this people.

He is not devoid of deviousness, which a public official should be; he does not

make the public interest his first consideration, which a public official should do, and he is notoriously not independent of corporate influence, which a legislator should be. Mr. Carpenter

was the principal lieutenant of the late Hervey Lindley in the recent Waterloo campaign in the Sixth District, and sus-

tained numerous aggravated breakings

out at the mouth during the canvas.

And every time Carpenter's mouth suffered.

"Tis certainly a utilitarian age," said an old-time artisan to an Age of Steel (St. Louis) representative the other day, "and one of the most singular proofs of this fact was witnessed on a recent visit to the city of Chicago. The packing houses in that sleepless metropolis are so arranged that the blood is all caught in a great tank, and after it cloths it is carried off to a stamping house, where numerous and powerful machines are kept busy stamping it into buttons. The buttons are made at one stamp of the big dies, and they are said to wear remarkably well. These buttons are easily distinguished by their peculiar dark red color. I am almost prepared to believe anything of Chicago, after this wonderful exhibition of economy in the unromantic domain of pork packing."

THAT silver conference in Brussels isn't a patching to the one that Lillian Russell, the beefy beauty of Gotham, is having in the newspapers with Ada Rehan about that statue. There is some life and vim in this one, just as there is in most topics that we grab hold of in free America.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES.

Two weeks of the most thorough canvassing by Mr. Wallace, however, failed to get the necessary cash subscription in fact, but \$3500 of the \$25,000 was subscribed.

Last night there was a meeting at which Mr. Wallace met half a dozen prominent Republicans. At its conclusion he said it had been without result; that he did not think the Journal would ever be published again, and that he would return East tomorrow.

Mr. Kerens holds the Associated Press franchise, and has a claim on the press security for his advances.

Mr. Elkins is classed among the general creditors, the total of whose claims amounts to \$92,500.

[It is possible that there is one cipher too many added to these figures. If the amount read \$92,500, it would seem quite high enough.]

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Skirmishing on the Silver Question Begun.

Efforts to Get a Vote in the House on Free Coinage.

Railway Magnates Pleading for the Privilege of Pooling.

Proceedings in the Senate and House—Senator George on the Anti-option Bill—The Proposed Suspension of Immigration.

By Telegraph to The Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—[By the Associated Press.] The silver and anti-silver elements in the House engaged in a little light skirmishing today in anticipation of the failure of the Brussels International Monetary Conference, from which members say they expect nothing. Each side is now endeavoring to learn something of the purposes and views of the other side. Talks with free silver men and avowed opponents of the present Sherman law show that it is believed to be unlikely that anything will be done at this session, either in the way of repeal of the Sherman law or enactment of more radical silver legislation.

This morning the House Coinage Committee had a regular meeting day set for consideration of the Williams Bill to repeal the Sherman law. Mr. Williams, its author, was not present, and the bill went over. There was some very informal general discussion of the silver question. A proposition was put forward in a rather indefinite shape that an opportunity be given in the House for a vote on the repeal of the Sherman law. The free coinage men were not unwilling that this should be done, but, in order to preserve their present parliamentary advantage, they suggested that the method by which to accomplish this was to take up the Bland bill, which, at the last session was finally displaced by a few dilatory motions after the Speaker had found it necessary to cast the deciding vote on the bill.

Bland and Pierce, leaders of the free silver section of the Democratic party in the House, expressed willingness to give the other side an opportunity to offer the Williams and other bills as amendments to the Bland bill, provided that on their part the anti-silver men would agree to let the House come to a vote on the question of the free coinage of silver, and other propositions more favorable to the extended use of silver currency than the present law.

Tracy and Taylor of Illinois, without committing themselves, were inclined to this view. The committee adjourned without action, however. It is thought that if the committee were to agree unanimously upon some recommendation to the House, the support of the Rules Committee could be obtained for a resolution making a silver bill the special order, but nothing in the past history of the committee warrants the conclusion that it will be able to act harmoniously and as a unit on the question of consideration of silver legislation in the House.

FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—[By the Associated Press.] Senate.—The bill authorizing the removal of the Pima and Gila Indians from their reservation in Arizona to another reservation, was reported and placed on the calendar.

The President's veto at the last session of the bill to submit to the Court of Private Land Claims the title of William McGarrah to the Rancho Panache Grande, in California, was laid before the Senate as the special order, and a vote was about to be taken on the question, "Shall the bill pass?" when Mr. Sanders demanded an explanation on the part of friends of the bill of the reasons why it should pass. He explained his own understanding of the matter, one of his objections to the bill being that it rested upon the imputation that the judicial and executive departments of the Government had been for many years past guilty of wrong doing in the premises. His own position was that if the executive and judicial departments of the Government had declared the original grant was valid it still would not have found the remotest foundation for such provisions as were contained in the pending bill. He thought, therefore, that Senators should be grateful to the President for having recalled their attention to the bill.

The bill was debated up to 2 o'clock, at which time the morning hour had expired and the bill went over till tomorrow.

The Anti-option Bill was then taken up and Mr. George resumed his argument in support of his own substitute for it.

Mr. George said he saw in one of the New York papers that dealers in futures in that city had undertaken to punish people because the Senate was considering this bill. Cotton had been made to fall three, four or five points, dealers in futures thereby undertaking to force the Senate to cease the performance of a great constitutional duty. To show that the fall in cotton was purely fictitious he called attention to the fact that while cotton had gone down in New York, corn and provisions had gone up in Chicago. George spoke for over two hours and did not finish. The bill then went over without action.

Mr. Daniel's resolution calling for information on the subject of the civil service was agreed to.

Adjourned.

House—Mr. Cobb of Missouri reported a bill from the Committee on War Claims for reference to the private calendar for the relief of the heirs of Mary and Randolph Curtis Lee of Virginia, amounting to \$217,000.

The publication of 10,000 copies of the President's annual message was ordered.

After business of minor importance, the House went into committee of the whole on the Army Appropriation Bill.

The appropriations carried by the bill are \$24,202,740, against appropriations for the current year of \$24,288,450, and an estimate of \$25,922,956 for the coming year.

The bill having been read for amendments, Mr. Anthony (Dem.) of Texas offered an amendment providing that any retired officer, or retired enlisted man, shall not receive such pay if he is receiving pay from the Government in any other official capacity.

Mr. Bingham (Rep.) of Pennsylvania strenuously opposed this, and referred to the cases of Gen. Sickles and Gen. Rosecrans, to both of whom he paid a high compliment. He was ably seconded by Mr. Outhwaite, and the amendment was rejected.

The committee then rose and the bill passed.

Adjourned.

Proposed Suspension of Immigration.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—The Senate and House committees on immigration held a joint meeting today, and discussed the bill introduced by Senator

Having Is a delightful human experience. Seventy-five thousand people annually have a "good time" at Coronado Beach. The reasons are legion. Send two stamps with request for copy of "The Reasons why I Prefer Coronado Beach." This booklet tells you why the Hotel

is the favorite watering place of the best class of eastern tourists who visit the Pacific Coast. It tells all about the peerless climate, the fishing, the shooting, the bathing, the large, new salt water swimming tanks under glass roof, the dives, the excursions, and all about the diversions, sports and the hotel. In short, it tells you what to do at Coronado Beach and how to do it.

Round from Los Angeles, Pasadena, Pomona, San Bernardino, Colton, Riverside, Redlands, Orange, Anaheim and Santa

Tickets

Are sold for \$24.00, including one week's board in \$3.00 and \$3.50 rooms. Privilege of longer stay at \$3.00 per day.

T. D. YEOMANS, Agent, Los Angeles, 129 North Spring street. Tickets on sale at Santa Fe office, 129 North Spring street, or at First-street Station. At all other points with local railroad agents.

Address all communications to

E. S. BABCOCK, Manager,
Hotel d'Coronado,
CORONADO BEACH, CAL.

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Holiday Goods!

Neckwear,
Gloves,
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Dress Shirts,
Night Shirts,
Negligee Shirts,
Hosiery,
Underwear, Etc.

Fine Goods at Popular Prices

: 112 :

South Spring st.

Nearly opposite the Nadeau Hotel.

Chandler to suspend immigration. It was shown by communications from experts that it would be positively necessary to suspend immigration for a period in order to keep cholera out of this country next year. The joint committee took no action on the bill, but adjourned till Friday, when representatives of the great steamship lines will be heard.

IN FAVOR OF POOLS.

Depew and Others Before the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—[By the Associated Press.] A number of prominent railroad men, including Mr. Depew, of the New York Central; President Roberts, of the Pennsylvania; President Ingalls, of the Big Four, and Chairman Walker, of the Grand Trunk lines, were before the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce today to advocate the passage of an amendment to the interstate law, introduced by Mr. Cullom, to modify the existing law so as to authorize railroad companies to form pools under the supervision of the Interstate Commerce Commission, to wipe out the penal clause and punishment prescribed, etc. All the gentlemen named above urged that the great majority of the railroads of the country were in favor of the proposed movement.

Depew, in the course of his remarks, said that there were eight roads between New York and Chicago, but for all purposes of the public there was but one. An ironclad rule of equal rates under equal conditions of time was established, the New York Central and Pennsylvania would do eight-tenths of the business and the other roads would go into bankruptcy. The law preventing pooling was creating trusts. If the law continued in force five years longer, Depew thought there would not be an independent business man in any of the large cities of the United States. This miserable condition of affairs is being brought about by a law intended to prevent trusts. Under the proposed amendment roads would be authorized to make contracts upon a business basis and could agree upon rates which would always be the same to the public. In discussing existing conditions, Depew said that it would soon be impossible for manufacturers to exist, except at terminal points.

Ingalls spoke to the same effect. "If the amendment passed," he said, "it will not result in an increase of rates, but in equal rates, and, in many cases, in reduced rates."

The Treasury Balance.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—Secretary of the Treasury Foster today saw Chairman Holman, of the Appropriations Committee, and Springer, of the Ways and Means Committee, and a number of other persons of prominence. He assured several of them that there will certainly be an available balance of \$20,000,000 in the treasury at the close of the fiscal year.

Confirmed by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—The Senate today confirmed Edwin E. Eells, agent for the Indians of the consolidated Puyallup Agency in Washington; also the following postmasters: Arizona—J. G. Pritchard. Bisbee: California—Asa Crocker, Suisun City; Montana—George Pfeifer. Boulder Valley; Nevada—George H. Bell, Carson City.

OUR #1 cheviot suit is a world-beater. Mullen Blatt & Co.

BOOMING BOOKS!

Popular Book Store.

EDWARD T. COOK,

140 N. Spring St.,

Free! Free! Free!

To hurry things along

We will also give away some

TABLES

Only our Tables are handsome Folding Tables, adjustable to four different heights. They are size 24x33 inches; are some of them finished in inland woods, piano finish, cherry, mahogany, walnut, antique oak and checkerboard. They are manufactured in Racine, Wis., and are sold at prices ranging from \$3.50 to \$5.50 each. The freight on them alone is nearly \$1 a table. We have a large number of these tables at the store. We propose to give them away with every purchase amounting to

\$10.00

Or over, excepting postage stamps, and Webster's International Dictionaries. We know we are generous, but we draw the line at stamps and dictionaries. If you want to get presents for your friends for the holidays, if you want books, Bibles, albums, leather goods, etc., if you want big bargains.

Come and see us; come early; we cannot promise to have them forever.

We have thousands of dollars worth of beautiful holiday goods. We propose to sell them all, as we always have in the past.

Bargains all through the store.

We are selling standard editions of the works of celebrated authors, good cloth bindings, good paper; not the plugs sometimes offered at other places at these prices, but genuine

BARGAINS AT 25C

Dickens, Scott, Thackeray, Eliot, Ruskin, Beaconsfield, Balzac, Reade, Trollope, Marryat, Warden, Clark, Russell, Bulwer, Quuida, Ebers, Mayne Reid, etc., etc.

Some Sets of Books.

	only \$5.75
Dickens's Works, 12 volumes.	only 3.75
Carlyle's Works, 10 volumes.	only 6.75
George Eliot's Works, 6 volumes.	only 2.75
Thackeray's Works, 12 volumes.	only 3.75
Scott's Waverley Novels, 12 volumes.	only 1.75
Macaulay's History of England, 5 volumes.	only 1.90
Cooper's Sea Tales, 5 volumes.	only 2.40
Hawthorne's Tales of America, 4 volumes.	only 1.60
Schiller's Works, 4 volumes.	only 2.80
Rollins' Ancient History, 4 volumes.	only 2.80
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Red Line Edition of the Poets!

Published at \$1.00, going at

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Absolutely the Largest Stock!

Positively the Lowest Prices!

IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

Oxford Bibles, Bagster Bibles, Collins Bibles, Cambridge Bibles, Family Bibles, Parallel Bibles, Revised Bibles.

IN ALL SIZES TYPE—

Large Pica.	Small Pica.	Brevier.	Bourgeois.	Minton.	Pearl.	Nonpareil.
Ruby.	Ruby.	Brevier.	Bourgeois.	Minton.	Pearl.	Nonpareil.

BOUND IN ALL STYLES OF LEATHER—

Sealskin.	Levant.	Turkey.	Brass.	Alsatian.	Syrian.
Palestine.	French Calf.	German Calf.	Persian Calf.	Pr. Seal.	

ALL KINDS OF

Teachers' Bible Helps, Testaments, Episcopal Prayers and Hymnals

published at \$2.50; our price

95¢

THE POULTRY SHOW

Largely Increased Attendance at
the Old Courthouse.

The Exhibit Conceded to Be the Best
Ever Held in the City.

Almost Every Variety of Domestic
Fowls in the Pens.

Fifty Five Hundred Birds on Exhibition,
Representing a Value of \$6000 to
\$7000—Handsome Individual
Specimens.

IT is conceded by
poultry fanciers that
the fourth annual
show of the County
Poultry Association,
now going on at the
old courthouse, is the
best of its kind ever
held in Los Angeles.

There are fully five
hundred birds on ex-
hibition, and it would
require from \$6000
to \$7000 in coin to purchase them.
One proud monarch of the barnyard—
an Indian game—has a value of \$35
set on his precious neck, and not a
fowl there but would bring \$2.50,
while the majority are worth from \$10
to \$20.

Now is ready for public in-
spection. All day long yesterday the
birds were being marshalled into their
pens. The proud peacock was taken
from the canvas sack which enveloped
him and permitted to spread his tail for
the admiration of the visitors; the
Toulouse geese from Santa Ana marched
slowly into the quarters provided for

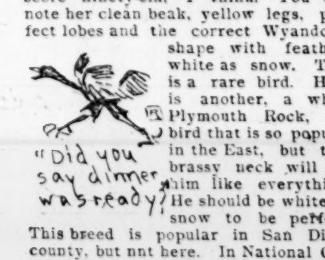


them; a quartette or Guinea hens joined
the one lone mate displayed on Tuesday;
several turkey gobblers added their majestic presence to the scene; the tiny
silver seabright bantams, about as big
as doves, trotted into their cages, and
the pigeons cooed softly to a constant
orchestral accompaniment of barnyard
music that was heard two blocks away
all day long.

Yesterday morning the Times re-
porter made the rounds in company
with the secretary of the association,
John C. Stedman, who has been, he
says, a poultry crank ever since, as a
boy, he spent all his pocket money to
buy a game cock that would lick the
other boys' roosters up in San Francisco.
He has enjoyed many a fight in the
back yard, betting on his favorite,
while a youngster, and his love for the
feathered tribe has never lost its vim.

"It is a most remarkable thing," he
said, "that some one does not establish
an egg ranch here on the plan of the
egg farms East. There would be a good
sale all the year round, but, with our
125 poultry-breeders in this county, we don't furnish one-half the eggs used.
Carloads of poultry also, dressed and alive, are im-
ported here from the East at the holidays, and there is no earthly reason why
we shouldn't raise enough
and to spare. It is harder
to raise chickens here than in the East! Not a bit.
The difficulty is people think because the climate is
mild that they can let their chickens run wild. On the contrary,
they require the same care they do
East. There is such a marked change
of temperature in our nights and days
here that we cannot keep our chickens
in lath houses. We must have a good,
warm house that will protect them
from the fogs, and cold, raw night winds.
The same amount invested in
chickens here will pay one and one-half
as much as if invested in a fine Jersey
cow, having in view all the time that
the chickens must have the same care
that the cow would. A man never
thinks of leaving his cow out in a pouring
rain, but he will allow his chickens
to roost in a tree, on a fence or in a
dilapidated old pen with the rain
beating in on them. They catch
the roup and die, and then people
complain that chicken raising does no
pay. It pays best to raise chickens for
eggs, as one would have to raise sev-
enty-five or a hundred pairs before he
would get one to suit the fanciers. A
bird that scores ninety-three or ninety-
four points here is about as fine as we
can expect, a mere fleck or spot marks
them down."

"Now here," he continued, leading the way to a pen, "is a bird that will
score ninety-six, I think. You will
note her clean beak, yellow legs, perfect
lobes and the correct Wyandotte
shape with feathers white as snow. That
is a rare bird. Here is another, a white
Plymouth Rock, the bird that is so popular
in the East, but that brass neck will cut
you like everything. He should be white as
snow to be perfect."



This breed is popular in San Diego
county, but not here. In National City
there is a yard of them.

"Here is the black Langshan, but
those feathers on his middle toe will cut
the score—the white feathers on the
outer toe will count as a small imper-
fection, too. On the contrary, this dark
Brahma will be cut, because the feathers
ought to come to the outer end of his
middle toe, and they don't. You see,
there is a rule that holds good for each
breed."

"Here are some fine pigeons, put in
by a couple of boys, partners in the
business. That little parlor tumbler is
a trained bird. Turn him loose in the
parlor and he will fly up toward the
ceiling and tumble about in great fashion.
Those are fine black fantails, too,
and there are some white ones also.
Mr. Tyler has a fine display of
pigeons, too, and he may cut the boys
out in the contest. Those little Ja-
cobins are beauties," pointing to a pair
of snow-white pigeons with regular
Queen Anne ruffs about their necks.
"You will notice that many ladies are

entering birds," he continued, "and I'll tell you the secret. Among the 200 special prizes offered is one of an \$8 bonnet to the lady who shall make the best display. It looks as though the contest would be between Mrs. Robert Dunn of Garden Grove, Mimes, Conklin and Paul of this city.

"We have a good display of pit
games, too, which is a sign that we
have something of the sporting element
in town. I notice most of these entries
are from our Spanish and French pop-
ulation. Here is a Japanese game, the
best fighter in the world."

SOME INDIVIDUAL EXHIBITS.

E. C. Thurber exhibits a fine display
of slick, slim Indian games. These
birds are prime for table use, but at
first glance one wouldn't believe it,
they are so trimly built. But just lift
one and you are amazed at the weight.
On close examination you perceive that
the feathers are very short and closely
set, and the flesh is perfectly solid.
The good "points" of these fowls de-
pend largely upon the double lacing of
the feathers, the yellow skin, evenly
serrated comb, and size. In one pen
hangs a dead Indian game, whose un-
fortunate neck was broken in the strug-
gle to capture him, but his owner was
determined he should come, dead or
alive, so his post-mortem presence
graces the pen. He weighs eight
pounds stripped of his feathers.

H. C. Draves has a magnificent dis-
play of Plymouth Rocks from his flock
of 1800. A black spot on the beak or
leg of this breed of birds, or a "cotton-
back," that is, feathers not barred to
the skin, knocks off many points.
There are eighty-five of these birds on
exhibition. "I wouldn't take \$15 for
her," said a poultry fancier, as he
pointed out a fine Plymouth hen. "See
what a perfect beast she has."

R. A. Rowan has some white-faced
black Spanish birds that he says can
beat the world. Anyway he is going to
try it at the big fair in Chicago next
year. He won all the prizes in this
class at the National Poultry show held
here last year, some of his birds scoring
as high as 96.

Mrs. Robert Dunn of Orange county
competes for prizes on black Langshans
and shows what a woman can do in the
poultry business. G. H. Case has some
fine Leghorns and Anconias and Mr.
Thornton, the well-known breeder of
brown Leghorns, exhibits some choice
birds.

Mrs. G. A. Smith has a trio of black
Langshans, hatched out last year in an
incubator and raised in her yard. They
are as tame as kittens.

There is a pen of fine white Cochins,
but their feathers need scrubbing.

The judges were taking the weight of
birds yesterday, and will begin awarding
premiums today.

LIST OF EXHIBITS.

Following is a full list of the exhibi-
tors:

Los Angeles—H. C. Graves, barred Ply-
mouth Rocks, white Leghorns and light
Brahmas; H. H. Needham, Plymouth Rocks;
L. P. Mendibes, pit games; C. L. Long-
strete, pit games; S. Wolfstein, pit games;
Cyrus Donato, pit games; A. E. Olshausen,
Buff Cochins, partridge Cochins, silver-
spangled Hamburgs, silver-laced Wyandottes;
F. J. Bentler, dark Brahmahs; John Fryday, Lang-
shans; Bowles Bros., brown Leghorns and Langshans;
Barred Plymouth Rocks, Cornish Indians;
Barred Plymouths, silver-spangled;
Barred Langshans; W. T. Sellick, white Langshans;
Albert Cohn, Jr., Dr. S. G. Wilson, Indian games; Mrs. G. B.
Smith, bantams and black Langshans;
Benjamin Pearson, buff Cochins; Mrs. S.
F. Crofts, barred Plymouth Rocks; Dr. S. R.
Whittemore, white Cochins and white
Minorcas; John S. Stedman, barred Plymouth
Rocks and white Leghorns; Albert Barham, black Langshans; W. T.
Sellick, white Plymouth Rocks, black
Minorcas, silver Hamburgs; Mrs. C. T. Paul,
barred Plymouth Rocks; C. T. Paul, barred
Plymouth Rocks; Mrs. F. H. Ware, white
Leghorns; Mrs. C. A. Clegg, white
Leghorns; Mrs. D. Nash & Son, barred
Plymouth Rocks; R. C. Lovewell, black Spanish
and dark Brahmahs; J. H. Outhwaite of
Pasadena, Tyler, silver, and golden
Wyandottes, Indian games, fancy pigeons.
He shows twelve different kinds of pigeons.
E. D. Tyler, barred Plymouths; John
Kerr, black Leghorns; W. H. Smith, white
Leghorns; Dr. G. D. Nash & Son, barred
Plymouth Rocks; R. C. Lovewell, black Spanish
and dark Brahmahs; J. H. Outhwaite of
Obed (Los Angeles county), barred Plymouth
Rocks, black Minorcas, black Langshans,
peafowl, pearl Guineas; William Niles of
Long Beach, Calif., Cochins, light Brahmahs,
bronze turkeys.

The Santa Ana Incubator Company has a
supply of incubators, and eggs will hatch
out Thursday and Friday. They also have
a display of fowls—white Leghorns, brown
Leghorns, silver-laced Wyandottes, Houdans,
black Langshans.

"SIMON'S WIFE'S MOTHER."

Contributed to The Times.

It may be as old as the hills, but it
was new to me, and I enjoyed it; and
this is about the way I heard it:

He had occasion to visit New York
city, and laid his plans to remain there
Sunday that he might obtain some
spiritual refreshment of a higher order
than his little village afforded.

Desiring the best, he made his way in
the morning to one of the way-up
churches, and was enchanted with all
he saw there; the great organ was a
revelation to him; the singing heavenly;
but when a tall, lank, ungainly figure
arose in the pulpit and announced his
text as:

"And Simon's wife's mother lay sick of a
fever."

he had an intuition that he was going
to be bored; nor was he disappointed,
for the handling of the text was tiresome
to a degree.

So in the afternoon he sought a less
pretentious house of worship; one of the
little churches around the corner in
which New York abounds; all there was
more in touch with what he had been
accustomed to, and he felt that it was
good to be there, for he was one of the
worshippers, not merely a spectator.

But oh, misery of miseries! In stalked
his persecutor of the morning, the
who, awkwardly entering the pulpit, soon
again announced in sepulchral tones
that

"Simon's wife's mother lay sick of a fever."

And then followed without the devia-
tion of a word, the infliction of the
morning. This preacher, it seems, was
on his travels, and he traveled light,
very light; only encumbering himself,
it appeared, with a single sermon. But

the benediction came at last and our

Have You Seen Kern Valley,

Its deep, alluvial soil, abundant water, extensive al-
falfa fields, bands of stock, and last, though not less
important,

Its Orchards and Vineyards?

Kern Valley contains a tract of 400,000 acres of
fertile land; level, free from rocks or stumps, ready
for the plow and under the

Largest Irrigation System in America!

300 miles of main and 1100 miles of distributing
canals, supplied from Kern River, and its 2345 square
miles of watershed. This well-known property, the
Best and Cheapest Land in California,
for fruit-raising and general farming, is now being
colonized by its owners, WHO WILL SELL
DIRECT TO ACTUAL SETTLERS OR IMPROVERS IN
TRACTS TO SUIT, WITH WATER.

Prices Low, Terms Easy, Titles Perfect.

For maps, circulars and reliable information, call
upon or address

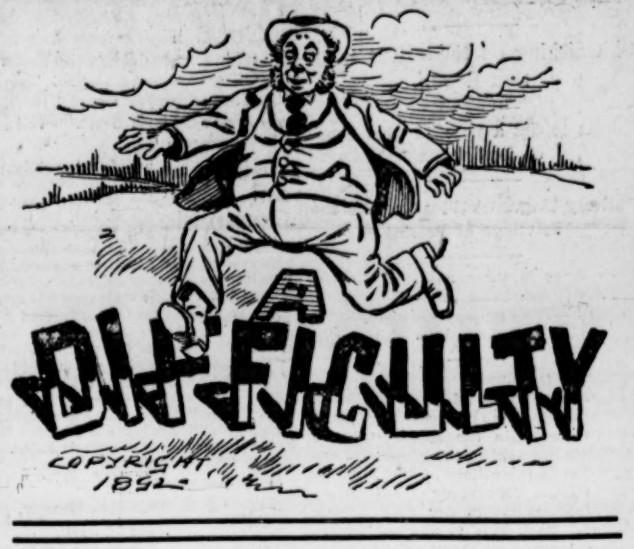
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S. W. FERGUSON, Agent, Bakersfield, Cal.

Or, D. O. ANDERSON,
Special Immigration Agent;

SCOTT & WHITAKER,
Local Representatives,

229 S. Spring-st.,
Los Angeles Theater Building,
Los Angeles, - - Cal.



You Will get over all your difficulties if you
keep up your spirits.

There is Nothing

So conducive to happiness as good clothes.
At this time of the year every one should be on
good terms with himself, and be well dressed.
If you need a REAL NICE FINE OVERCOAT
for yourself or boy, we are prepared for you.
We have just received a number of styles of
full silk lined and half silk lined coats. The
prettiest and best made garments we have
ever handled. The coats we refer to are worth
\$20.00, \$25.00 and \$30.00. But, of course,
we have plenty of cheaper coats on hand at
such prices as \$7.50, \$10.00, \$12.50, \$15.00
and \$17.50.

In boys' cape overcoats we can show more
styles than any house in the city. Prices from
\$3.00 up to \$15.00.



Carter & Allen
106 S. Spring-st.

Men's Outfitters
Shirt Makers.

We invite your attention to Our Complete
Stock of

JEWELRY

Consisting of Link Cuff Buttons and Scarf
Pins in Sterling Silver and Enamel designs.
Also to Extraordinary Staple Line of
White Shirts in Plain and Full Dress Bot-
tons, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Fine
Neckwear, Collars and Cuffs, etc.

Carter & Allen, s. Spring-st.

"See What You Are Doing!"



THEN USE THE

Bar-Lock Typewriter

N.O. 4.

The Latest and Best

In Every Respect!

Try Before You Buy!

Second-hand Machines of all styles
for rent or sale cheap.

Long'ey & Wagner, Agents,

N.W. cor. First & Spring-sts.

Trade

Linen, Silk and Chiffon,

25c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.50,

\$2, \$5.

Handkerchiefs

—IN—

25c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.50,

\$2, \$5.

Handkerchiefs

—IN—

25c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.50,

\$2, \$5.

Handkerchiefs

—IN—

25c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.50,

\$2, \$5.

Handkerchiefs

—IN—

CITY BRIEFS

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER OFFICE, LOS ANGELES, Dec. 14, 1892.—At 5 a.m. the barometer registered 30.24; at 5 p.m. 30.25. Thermometer at corresponding hours showed 44° and 53°. Maximum temperature, 61°; minimum temperature, 38°. Character of weather, partly cloudy.

A novel invention whereby the celebrated Rochester lamp is being used, as an oil-heating device; over 300 have been sold since October 26, 1892. They are made in three sizes, viz.: Nos. 1, 2 and 3, the No. 1 being the largest. The fuel节约 is incandescent. When lit, it gives out no smoke or heat, being elaborately nickelated and concealed by all who have seen them to be not only the handsomest, but the best oil-heating stove ever put on the market. The Nos. 1 and 2 will warm an ordinary room in a few minutes, and a single lamp of either two or more rooms, and is the most economical way of doing it. Being a lamp, the combustion is perfect, consequently no odor, and every one is guaranteed to please or no sale. The inventor is F. E. Browne, Nos. 314 and 316 South Spring street, where they can be seen in operation, or get for details.

Another grand reduction for those elegant Christmas photos. The Lamson Studio, No. 315½ South Spring street, is now making the finest photos in the city at reduced prices. Twenty-five new and stylish backgrounds. Nearly a carload of elegant accessories have arrived. No finer photos can be had at any price. Over Mammoth Shoe Store.

A joint meeting of the A.O.H., Knights of Robert Emmet, Catholic Benevolent Association, Young Men's Institute, Irish-American Social Club, and all their friends, is called to meet at A.O.H. Hall, No. 115½ North Main street, December 15, at 7:30 p.m., to take action on important business and to submit to them for consideration.

Sanborn, Vail & Co. have just received a large line of proof etchings, which they are selling at \$2 each. These excel anything they have before put on the market. A handsome Christmas present. Call early and get a good selection before the rush. No. 133 South Spring street.

J. J. Knobles has put up his large stock of top albums, dolls, plush goods, etc., at No. 215 South Main, opposite Cathedral. This is the last year he intends handling this line, so the goods must be disposed of. The forenoon is the best time to make your selection.

Ladies, see our elegant line of real shell ornaments, just received. Nothing nicer than these. Weaver & Harris, rooms 8, 9, 10, corner Third and Spring streets (upstairs).

Attend the auction sale of the Wagner stock (in bankruptcy) at No. 125 South Spring street, before purchasing your holiday goods—diamonds, jewelry, watches and silverware.

Special sales at Woman's Exchange, open Public Library, today, tomorrow and Monday. Lunches as usual. Afternoons, tea 15 cents and ice cream and cake 18 cents.

Excursions to Catalina until further notice every Saturday. Enquire of Wilming Transportation Company, 130 W. Second street. Good hotels on the island.

Ladies' Aid Society of the Universal Church will meet at West 12th street, Thursday, December 15, at 2 p.m. All are invited.

Ladies' spring heels show a specialty, all sizes, all widths, prices, \$2.50, \$3 and \$3.50. Hewes, No. 105 North Spring.

A nice line of ladies' blouses, a new style of shoe, made on Tuxedo last! Hewes, No. 105 North Spring.

A nice line of warm slippers for the holidays; prices, \$1, \$2 and \$3. Hewes, No. 105 North Spring street.

Are you going to get married? If so, get your housekeeping outfit at Parmelee's, 215 South Spring street.

All kinds of sewing machines for rent; also sewing machines repaired, at No. 128 South Main street.

For ranges or heating stoves of any description go to A. B. Chapman's, No. 414 South Spring.

Fine cabinet photos reduced to \$1.75 per dozen. Sunbeam Gallery, No. 236 South Main street.

Go to the Japanese Bazaar for holiday goods and curios, No. 238 South Spring street.

A. W. Swantek, tents and awnings, removed to No. 247 South Main street; see ad.

Buttons holes and buttons made to order at Zinnmann's, No. 123 South Broadway.

See my oil and gas heaters before buying. C. T. Paul, No. 130 South Main street.

See the list of suitable presents for gentlemen in Kan-Koo add.

Visit the poultry show at the old Court-house today.

Kamel's Kristmas Kurios, 323 S. Spring. Dewey was first to introduce Aristos. See adv. Bus. Personal, Mrs. Cole.

George W. Lynch, manager of the Redondo Hotel, was in town yesterday.

There are undelivered letters to the Western Union Telegraph office for Mariah Hicks, W. C. Wilson, W. W. Shroyer.

Los Angeles Stamm, 232 U. O. R. M., are making arrangements for a grand German festival in Turnverein Hall, Christmas day, the proceeds of which will be turned over to the poor to the orphans.

The Spring street kindergarten has been in full operation during the morning and afternoon, thereby doubling its capacity. The morning school is full, but there are a number of vacancies in the afternoon school. Parents desiring their children to attend the kindergarten should call at once.

The California State Veterinary Association yesterday held its regular annual meeting at the Hotel Leland. About a number of delegates were present, and at the time during the session was spent largely in attending to the usual business routine. A board of officers was elected for the ensuing year before the association adjourned.

At 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon there came in being a serious accident at Broadway and Spring. Two ladies were driving up Broadway in a light buggy when their horse became frightened and ran away. The ladies were thrown from the buggy at Sixth street, and the buggy was dashed all to pieces, but the occupant escaped without a scratch.

The members of the Club still went down to look over Alameda street yesterday in reference to the double track asked for on that thoroughfare by the Southern Pacific. The protestants against the tracks were heard and the situation thoroughly explained. The protestants, on behalf of the property-owners on that street, favor it in view of the agreement of the railroad company to improve the street and take its tracks off San Pedro, Pine and one or two other streets. It is also claimed that the protestants are mainly property-owners off the line of the street and in a different ward.

Through the charitable and religious organizations of the city many of the needy poor will be treated to a genuine turkey dinner on Christmas day. In addition to those already announced, the Salvation Army now comes forward with an invitation to all those unable to buy a hearty meal on December 24. Details at their hall, No. 329½ S. South Spring street, where tables will be spread for 1000 persons between 12 and 5:30 o'clock. The army proposes to have stations at various points about the city where donations for the dinner may be left, and urge that those able unite with them in the deserving project.

MILLINERY—CLOSING OUT SALE. Fine velvet Toques, black and jetted, brown and gray, newest shapes, hand-somely trimmed, now \$2, former price \$3.50 to \$8. Children's trimmed Felt Hats, blue and colors, pretty shapes, every worn worth \$1.50 to \$2.50 and \$1.50. We are returning from business and offer our well-established place as a whole, or will exchange for real estate. Mozart's, No. 240 South Spring street.

A SILK MUFFLER for your sweetheart will keep him warm and keep the heart away. Buy one. Mullens, Bluet & Co.

DRESS Walking and driving gloves for the holidays at Mullens, Bluet & Co.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

I regard the Royal Baking Powder as the best manufacturer and in the market.

Marion Harland,

Author of "Common Sense in the Household."

A BRILLIANT FAKIR.

What G. Hamilton Griffin Accomplished While in Prison.

Said to Have Written a New Bible—A Glowing Account of His Accomplishments and Achievements.

A brief Associated Press dispatch was printed in THE TIMES yesterday morning to the effect that Dr. G. Hamilton Griffin, the notorious fakir, had been released from the penitentiary at New Westminster, B.C., after serving a term of three years for blackmail. There is no question but what the fellow is one of the smoothest rascals that ever operated in Southern California, and during his residence here swindled a large number of people. He was reasonably well educated, and, in common parlance, "new high," but some of the statements contained in the following "special," printed in the San Francisco Chronicle Tuesday, will be news to many people who thought they knew the man.

The facts in Griffin's case, which caused a great sensation not only on the Pacific but in Eastern Canada, where he was known in the highest social circles, are as follows: Dr. Griffin left Los Angeles, Cal., after the bursting of the great real estate bubble and went to Victoria, where he established the Social Work, a weekly newspaper and practiced as a physician. Presently he entered the field of speculation again, and bonded 3173 acres of coal land from certain crown grant owners near Nanaimo. The sale of these lands was pending for a sum running into the millions of dollars when Dr. Robert Dunsmuir, a member of the Legislature, charged him with having written letters to Dunsmuir stating that he was to be killed at a certain time.

The letters were seven in number and were written in Greek and Castilian Spanish, the signature being a drawing of a "sheik hand." The trial took place in Victoria before Chief Justice Sir M. B. Bigbie, and lasted four days. The jury, after an absence of fifteen minutes, brought in a verdict of guilty, and on the 26th of November, 1888, Dr. Griffin was sentenced to live in the penitentiary for a month. When a new trial was refused, he was removed to the penitentiary on January 1, 1889. He served four years in the penitentiary, having gained his freedom by the intervention of his wife, Rev. Mrs. Griffin, who had six sons. Griffin's detectives engaged on the case, while an expert named Hyde of San Francisco was engaged to examine the handwriting. Prof. McGregor and Prof. Lopetki swore to Dr. Griffin's ability to speak the languages in which the letters were written. Duns-muir's widow in the trial took place in Victoria before Chief Justice Sir M. B. Bigbie, and lasted four days. 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TWELFTH YEAR.

LOS ANGELES, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1892.—TWELVE PAGES.

Fall and Winter

CARRIAGES!

Messrs. Hawley, King & Co. invite inspection of their stock of fall and winter carriages in all the fashionable varieties now on view at their branch repository.

210-212 N. Main St.



Hawley, King & Co.,

They would also call the attention of intending purchasers of bicycles to the fact that they carry a full line of bicycles in stock, from \$10 and upward. They have bicycles for boys, girls, men and women—all sizes, all prices for the Christmas trade.

We are showing
an immense line of

Beautiful, Useful, Appropriate

HOLIDAY * PRESENTS.

Los Angeles Furniture Co.,

225, 227, 229 S. Broadway,
Opp. City Hall.

Sepia Portraits for the Holidays.



Accurate and Artistic.

Sepia Portraits made direct from life or from old photographs, platinotypes, porcelains, transparencies.
Highest Awards Received at the Sixth District Fair held October, 3 to 8, 1892. Highest Award received at the Sixth District Fair October 1891. Medal and Diplomas Awa ded and Photo-Graph Association of America, Boston, 1884; Buffalo, 1891; the unquestionable authority for superiority.

STUDIO, 220 S. Spring-st., Opposite Los Angeles Theater and Hollenbeck

Troy Laundry Company.

Main Office, 135 West First Street.
Works, 715-719 North Main Street.

We call attention to our reduced family price list for family washing. Why not patronize white labor when you can have your work done as cheap at the Steam Laundry, where the method of washing, rinsing and ironing is perfectly neat and clean and much better!

We employ expert silk and flannel scurfer and cleaner. It will pay you to try us in this department.

We do a general laundry business.

Our wagons call and deliver in any part of the city.

Invitation extended to any one to visit our laundry and see how we do our work.

TELEPHONE 1081.

NILES PEASE

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Furniture, Carpets,
Lace and Silk Curtains,
Portieres, Oil Cloths,
Window Shades
Linoleum, Mattings, Etc.

337-339-341 S. SPRING ST.

Holiday Photos!
Christmas Presents

Four Premiums and Diplomas awarded Dewey at the Sixth District Agricultural Fair, 1891. Those desiring photos for Christmas presents should call at once. Special inducements during the holidays. Finishing for amateurs. Finest finished Cabinet Photos, \$1.50 per dozen.

Dewey's Art Parlors,
125 S. Spring.

147 S. Main.

HANCOCK BANNING,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

South Field Wellington : Lump : COAL,

AND Catalina Soapstone Wall Finish.

This material is fire proof, has a beautiful tint, and can be washed without injury.

OFFICE: 130 West Second-st. YARD: 838 North Main-st. Telephone 36.

Telephone 1047.

SIX TO THREE.

Another Game Captured by the Angels.

A Scientific Contest Witnessed by a Small Audience.

Umpire McDonald Almost Causes an Incipient Riot.

A Decision Which Was Not Satisfactory to the Spectators—Some of the Features of the Game—The Score.

Apropos of the statement that the attendance at yesterday's ball game was slender to the point of absolute leaness, it may be remarked with propriety that the class of baseball being put up by the two teams now competing for the championship is altogether too good for the very discouraging lack of interest being shown by the people of this city. A better exhibition of baseball playing on scientific lines is seldom seen than that which has been witnessed by the few straggling visitors to Athletic Park during the progress of the present series. But one poor game has been played, that of Saturday last, when the locals were defeated, 14 to 1, and even that game was full of brilliant individual plays and interesting incidents.

Yesterday was even a lighter attendance than usual, and strange to say, the game was correspondingly more exciting than on former days. Knell and Harper were the two twirlers upon whom were centered the hopes of their respective teams, and it was plain from the start that the contest would be a close one. No runs were made until the third inning, when Umpire McDonald rendered one of his noteworthy decisions, which looked like a bluf at giving the game to San Jose. With one man out, Everett hit a long fly which landed a good eighteen inches in foul ground to the left of the grand stand, from which it was plainly visible. No one thought of its being called fair till the decision was announced, and the kick that came then was long and vigorous. Bill got two bases on the foul, and scored a little later on an error by Stanford, who could hardly be blamed, as such a rank decision would rattle the coolest player in existence, even old Pop McCauley being visibly affected.

The Angels came back in good shape in the next inning, however, and made four runs before a man could be put out. Pop hit a double and stole third; Fred took it walk to first and got a bag from Clark, and Glenalvin hit his three-base. Lytle scored the Captain, who had hit, stole second and came in on Baldwin's sacrifice, and Knell's single to left garden. Messrs. Clark and Dooley each secured a run for San Jose in the fifth. Handsome Charley laming the sphere for second base, and Clark walking down the line, a two-bagger by Capt. Denny scoring both. No more changes in the score were effected till the seventh, when McCauley again lit on the ball, this time sending it to Lookabough for a safe one, and Tredway hit a triple over McCauley's head, a wild pitch by Harper bringing the comedian home.

There were no more runs made by either side, and the game closed with the following score:

LOS ANGELES	AB	R.	BH.	SH.	SP.	PO.	A.	E.
Brown, cf.....	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	0
Stafford, ss.....	4	0	0	0	2	1	3	0
McCauley, 1b.....	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
Tredway, lf.....	3	2	2	0	2	0	0	0
Glenalvin, 2b.....	3	1	1	0	1	0	1	0
Lytle, rf.....	4	1	0	0	3	2	0	0
Wilson, c.....	4	0	0	0	3	2	0	0
Baldwin, c.....	4	0	0	0	6	1	1	0
Knell, p.....	4	0	1	0	0	2	0	0
Total.....	33	6	7	3	27	6	4	0
SAN JOSE	AB	R.	BH.	SH.	SP.	PO.	A.	E.
McGucken, If.....	5	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Everett, ss.....	5	1	0	0	2	2	0	0
Dooley, 2b.....	4	1	2	2	7	1	0	0
Clark, c.....	4	1	0	0	5	2	0	0
Denny, 3b.....	4	0	2	1	0	0	0	0
Reitz, 2b.....	4	0	0	0	3	2	0	0
McVey, cf.....	4	0	1	2	0	0	0	0
Lookabough, rf.....	4	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Harper, p.....	4	0	0	0	1	3	0	0
Total.....	37	3	7	4	24	11	4	0

SCORE BY INNINGS.

Los Angeles..... 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0

Base hits..... 0 0 0 4 1 0 2 0 0

San Jose..... 0 1 0 2 0 0 0 0 0

Base hits..... 1 1 1 2 0 0 0 1 0

SUMMARY.

Earned runs—Los Angeles, 2.

Three base hits—Tredway, Glenalvin.

Two-base hits—McCauley, Everett, Dooley, Denny.

Sacrifice hits—Baldwin, Lookabough.

First base on errors—Los Angeles, 4; San Jose, 1.

First base on called balls—Los Angeles, 6.

Left on bases—Los Angeles, 5; San Jose, 8.

Struck out—By Harper, 2; by Knell, 7.

Double plays—Stafford to McCauley.

Passed ball—Clark, 1.

Wild Pitch—Everett, 2.

Time of game—1 hour and forty minutes.

Umpire—Mr. McDonald.

Scorer—J. S. Bancroft.

DIAMOND DUST.

Ladies, remember, game at 2 o'clock.

McNabb and Lookabough are expected to pitch today.

Count Vanderbeck appears to have lost no flesh as yet through worry over that league suspension.

Four out of six games and a draw besides, makes Los Angeles' chances for the championship look pretty good.

There are to be two games on Sunday. It has been announced that the full series will be played off, even in the event of Los Angeles getting the next two games, which would determine the series so far as the final result is concerned. There should be a good attendance today and tomorrow, and also on Sunday.

LICENCED TO WED.

Marriage licenses were issued at the County Clerk's office yesterday to the following persons:

N. H. Carev, a native of Indiana, 30 years of age, to Irene Yates, a native of Iowa, 26 years of age; both residents of Pasadena.

F. A. Martin, a native of Illinois, 25 years of age, to Elizabeth B. Meyer, a native of California, 24 years of age; both residents of this city.

J. D. Wilcox, a native of Iowa, 40 years of age, of this city, to Maria Hastings, a native of Canada, 27 years of age, of Beaumont.

Joseph L. Palmer, a native of Nova Scotia, 29 years of age, to Roselle de Hart, a native of Missouri, 19 years of age; both residents of Pomona.

Stanford D. Percy, a native of Illinois, 28 years of age, to Jessie B. Thompson, a native of Kansas, 22 years of age; both residents of this city.

John A. Marti Post Election.

The following officers, delegates and alternates were elected by John A. Marti Post No. 153, G.A.R., for the ensuing year: P. C. Nicholas, Sheridan; S. V. C., G. A. Grandstrand; J. V. C., J. W. Clawson; Q. M., R. H. Elliott; Surgeon, B. Koch; Chaplain, Thomas Harkness; F. D. Patrick Colvert; O. G., Patrick F. Gethings; Representatives, James Prior, Moses Klaus, J. H. Speer, R. H. Elliott; Alternates, J. W. Clawson, J. M. Scott, Joseph H. Keeney, Theo E. Lowe.

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THE COURTS.

The Dehail First Street Case
Finally Decided.

The Supreme Court Affirms the Decision Against the City.

Taking of Testimony in the Ah Yung Murder Trial Concluded.

No Evidence Offered by the Defense—The Wagner-Bell Trial Continued—Action for Damages Before Judge Shaw—Notes.

The decision of the Supreme Court affirming the judgment of Judge Van Dyke in the case of the City of Los Angeles (appellant) vs. Alice Dehail et al. (respondents) was received yesterday for filing in the city by Deputy Clerk Ashmore, accompanied by the following brief opinion rendered therein:

Action to appropriate to the use of the plaintiff as a public street certain lands of the defendants under proceedings taken by virtue of the act of March 6, 1889 (Stat. 1889, p. 70).

The complaint sets forth an ordinance for the widening of First street from Los Angeles to Alameda streets, adopted by the plaintiff July 8, 1889, and also the various steps taken by the municipality under that ordinance to widen the portion of the land required for the widening of the street is the property of the defendant, Alice Dehail, and that the commissioners appointed under said ordinance have determined that she will be damaged by said improvement in the sum of \$17,000, and the amount of money has been tendered to her with a request that she execute a deed for said land to the city, and that she has refused to accept the money or make the deed, and prays judgment for the condemnation of said land upon the payment of the sum of \$17,000, and the costs of the amount of compensation therefor, to which they are entitled. A demurrer to this complaint was sustained, and from the judgment rendered thereon in favor of the defendant plaintiff has appealed.

In Dehail vs. Weller (95 Cal. 437) it was held that an ordinance under which these proceedings were taken did not confer upon the city any jurisdiction to make the improvement contemplated thereby, and it is very evident that, if the ordinance was insufficient to give to the city any jurisdiction to make the improvement, the plaintiff would have no authority to determine the amount of money which the owners of the land to be taken should accept for its conveyance to the city, and that the owners cannot be compelled to accept that amount, or to make a conveyance of their land.

This action cannot be upheld as a proceeding to condemn the land in question under the power of eminent domain, or by virtue of the provisions of section 18 of the act of March 6, 1889. Before such proceedings can be instituted, it is necessary that the county shall have passed a valid ordinance for the widening of the street. As the ordinance in question conferred no authority to make the improvement, it cannot be used as the basis of any action for condemnation of the land sought to be included in the improvement.

THE AH YUNG MURDER TRIAL.

The trial of the Ah Yung murder case was concluded in Department One yesterday, so far as the taking of testimony is concerned, and the matter will in all probability be submitted to the jury this evening.

The proceedings commenced with the examination of the witness Officer L. R. Harris, who was recalled for the purpose of detailing the circumstances of the discovery of the body of the deceased boy. He stated that about 5 o'clock Ah Luen told him that he believed his cousin had been murdered, and suggested that his body might have been thrown into the privy. Acting upon this suggestion the witness examined the place, but did not make a very searching investigation.

Later on, however, he returned to the place, and discovering a human foot protruding from the filth, recovered the body.

Dr. E. A. Bryant was also recalled and questioned as to a few minor points relating to the autopsy.

Officer C. M. Whaling and Ah Luen merely corroborated the witness Harris, and Detective Boesqui testified to the statements made to him by the defendant after arrest, through the medium of Chan Kiu Sing, the interpreter.

Francisco Quijado, the father of the deceased, and Thomas Cordoba were called for the purpose of showing that the body recovered by Officer Harris was that of Fernando Quijada, and Ah Hing, one of the three Chinese who saw the defendant run away from the house and jump the fence, corroborated the testimony of the others.

This closed the case for the prosecution, and Judge Smith ordered Attorney Guthrie to proceed, when, to the astonishment of all concerned, the defendant's counsel announced that the defense had no testimony to offer and rested its case. Attorney H. H. Appel of counsel for the prosecution thereupon made the opening address to the jury, and at the close of his argument court adjourned for the day, the matter going over until this morning.

THE WAGNER-BELL CASE.

The taking of testimony in the case of Mrs. Lucy C. Wagner vs. W. Lewis Bell et al., an action to declare the Fulton Iron Works a nuisance, was resumed before Judge Otis (sitting for Judge McKinley) and a jury in Department Six yesterday. M. C. Fordham, a neighbor and the plaintiffs, Cornelius and Lucy C. Wagner, being upon the stand. Their evidence was simply a reiteration in detail of the facts recited in their complaint, which was amended in order to conform to the facts, the amount expended by them in improving their property being \$2500 instead of \$25,000. This closed the case for the plaintiffs, and the defendant's council thereupon moved the court to allow the jury to be taken down to the works to view the premises, but Judge Otis denied the motion, remarking that it was almost impossible for the jury to visit the scene without their being practically permitted to take testimony as to the noise created by the trip hammers, or the condition of the house, etc.; that even if it were merely for the purpose of identifying the premises, unless the description thereof in the pleadings was ambiguous, though no particular harm would ensue, he could not see that, on the other hand, it would do any good.

The defense thereupon asked leave to amend the answer so as to specifically deny each and every allegation contained in plaintiff's complaint, and after hearing argument thereon the Court, at 4 o'clock, adjourned until 9 o'clock this morning, it being understood that the defendant's attorneys should prepare their proposed amendments meanwhile and submit the same this morning.

ACTION FOR DAMAGES.

The trial of the case of Thomas House et ux. vs. Marius Meyer, an action for damages, and the third of its kind upon the calendar of Department Five this week, was commenced before Judge Shaw and a jury this afternoon, the plaintiffs being represented by C. C. Stephens, Esq., and Messrs. Orfia

and Reymert appearing for the defense. The jurors selected to try the case were H. A. Barracough, K. H. Dorsey, J. G. de Turk, J. A. Evans, C. L. Foster, W. Freeman, W. T. Grimes, G. Hanna, A. W. Hathaway, E. Luke, C. S. Shenneman and P. C. Stoll.

The plaintiffs alleged in their complaint that on July 24 last, while out driving in a buggy with their little girl, near Buena Park in Orange county, they drew up on one side of the road, leaving ample room for vehicles to pass by; but the defendant, who was driving a double team attached to a spring wagon carelessly and negligently ran into and upset their buggy. That by reason of this negligence on the part of defendant, Mrs. House was thrown violently to the ground and sustained severe injuries, to her damage in the sum of \$10,000. The defendant, in his answer, denies specifically each and every allegation made by defendants, and alleges that plaintiffs were guilty of contributory negligence.

During the afternoon four witnesses were called upon to testify on behalf of the plaintiffs, viz., Dr. J. S. Gibbs, who was summoned to attend Mrs. House immediately after the accident, his wife, Mrs. Adelia Gibbs, Caspar Schantz and Mrs. Ellen F. Schantz, both of whom saw the collision from their residence near by.

The matter will be taken up again this morning.

Court Notes.

Mrs. Aglae Elisa French has instituted proceedings to obtain a divorce from her husband, James T. French, upon various statutory grounds.

Upon motion of the District Attorney, an information was filed in Department One yesterday morning charging Charles Peterson with receiving stolen property, and Judge Smith ordered that he be held for trial on the charge of receiving stolen property, and that he be arraigned thereon this morning.

The demurrer to the informations filed in the Claude L. Hill embezzlement cases were presented to Judge Smith yesterday morning, but the Court being engaged in the trial of the Ah Yung murder case, deferred the hearing of the argument thereon until Monday next.

The case of John Maddock, administrator, vs. W. H. Russell et al., an action to foreclose a contract, which was recently tried by Judge Wade, came up for argument in Department Three yesterday, but was continued, by consent, until Monday afternoon next.

Mrs. Mary Z. Tuttle was granted a decree by Judge Wade yesterday afternoon divorcing her from Daniel Tuttle upon the grounds of desertion and failure to provide, by default.

The defendant in the case of J. M. Skinner vs. William Niles, an action to recover the sum of \$888.11 due upon a contract for the carpentering work done in the Niles building on Upper Main street, having allowed the matter to go by default, judgment was ordered against him by Judge Wade yesterday, as prayed for by the plaintiff.

The case of Bessie Burns vs. E. O. George et al., an action to foreclose a mortgage on lot 22 of the Galbreath and Thomas tract at Pasadena, for \$1446.83, came up for hearing before Judge Van Dyke yesterday afternoon, and the defendant having conveyed the property to plaintiff in full payment of the amount due, a decree was ordered in accordance with the facts.

Judge Van Dyke tried the case of Mrs. Sarah C. Clemons vs. the Cucamonga Fruit Land Company, an action to recover \$900 paid upon a contract for the purchase of a twenty-acre tract, which was subsequently rescinded because defendant had no title to the land, yesterday afternoon, and at the close of the testimony, ordered the matter to be submitted upon briefs.

Judge Shaw yesterday morning signed the findings and judgment ordered for the defendants in the case of C. C. Stephens vs. Maria de L. A. Serrano et al., but at the request of the plaintiff therein, a stay of execution was granted for ten days.

The trial of the damage suit instituted by Mrs. Kate Brown and her children against the Temple Street Cable Railroad Company came to an abrupt conclusion in Department Two. Yesterday morning, the Court granting the defendant's motion for a judgment of non-suit. A stay of proceedings was, however, ordered until the jurors' fees, amounting to \$72, shall have been paid.

The defendant in the case of Mrs. Bridget Kellyvs. the Sunset Telegraph and Telephone Company, which recently resulted in a verdict for the plaintiff for \$500 damages, came into court yesterday morning and paid the jury fees due therein, whereupon Judge Shaw ordered that the verdict be recorded and, upon motion of the defendant, granted a stay of execution therein for thirty days in order to allow of the preparation of a bill of exceptions.

Pursuant to a stipulation filed therein, Judge Otis, yesterday, ordered a judgment of dismissal entered in the case of G. A. Fiducker vs. R. J. Northam, an action on a note, neither party taking any relief thereunder and each side paying its own costs.

In the Township Court yesterday Justice Stanton held a preliminary examination into the cases against George Spiker and A. Kowalski, charged with having assaulted each other at Vernon recently, and it being shown that the latter had merely acted in self-defense after his assailant had shot at him, Kowalski was discharged, but Spiker was held to answer to the charge of assault with a deadly weapon, under bond in the sum of \$800.

New Suit.

Among the documents filed with the County Clerk yesterday were the preliminary papers in the following new cases:

Los Angeles Savings Bank vs. Langston S. Winston et al., suit to foreclose a mortgage on twenty-seven acres of land for \$3386.23.

R. M. Town vs. J. F. Elliott, suit to foreclose a contract for the sale of a piece of land in the Woolen Mill tract for \$1700.

Today's Calendar.

DEPARTMENT ONE—Judge Smith.

People, etc., vs. Charles Peterson; felon's arraignment.

People, etc., vs. Ah Yung; murder, on trial.

DEPARTMENT TWO—Judge Clark.

State of Rhoda Conner, deceased; return of sale.

State of Adam W. Thaxter, deceased; claim.

State of John A. Hutton, deceased; account and distribution.

Josephine Strain vs. David Strain; divorce.

DEPARTMENT THREE—Judge Wade.

Cleat.

DEPARTMENT FOUR—Judge Van Dyke.

Ynez Cota de Lyon vs. D. W. Field, administrator, et al.; suit.

DEPARTMENT FIVE—Judge Shaw.

Vernon Irrigation Company vs. City of Los Angeles et al., to quash title.

Thomas House et ux. vs. Marius Meyer, on trial.

DEPARTMENT SIX—Judge Otis (pro tem.).

Eugene A. Blewend vs. Henry E. Blewend, divorce.

Lucy C. Wagner vs. W. Lewis Bell et al., on trial.

DEPARTMENT SEVEN—Judge Otis (pro tem.).

Fugenia A. Blewend vs. Henry E. Blewend, divorce.

Kaiser Wilhelm has sat for his photo graph 150 times since he ascended the throne, and yet cannot see himself as others see him.

Special Christmas Offerings.

We sell Dinner, Tea and Toilet Sets of handsome designs. Crockery, Glass and China at one-half old-time prices.

Our Pure Teas and Spices have no equal.

Great American Importing Tea Co., 100 Main and 80 Spring st.

An extra Christmas given to each customer.

KILT SUITS for children are just the rage; see them. Mullen, Blaett & Co.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS in the shape of boxes, initial handkerchiefs, mullers and clothing at Mullens, Blaett & Co.

RAILROAD AFFAIRS.

The Excursions Expected to Arrive This Season.

The Cooks' Tourist Agency Has Discovered Southern California.

Some Local Changes in the Southern Pacific Traffic Department.

Railroaders Go Gold Hunting—Excitement on the Atlantic and Pacific Road—General, Local and Personal Railroad Mention.

FRUIT-GROWERS' UNION.

The Report of the Manager for the Past Season.

George J. Mitchell, manager of the Fruit-growers' Union of Southern California, has compiled his report of the operations of the union for the past year. The report is as follows:

The orange shipping season of 1891-92 opened with bright prospects for the growth of the crop, but the heavy frost of December 10, followed by the heavy frost of Christmas night, entirely blighted these prospects, and the season turned out to be one of unprecedented disaster. The board of directors decided that in spite of the calamity, the fruit-growers must continue in the industry, and which caused the loss of nearly, or quite, one-half the crop of Southern California, the union must remain in the field and do the best possible for the growers.

The call made by the directors of \$1 per share on stock subscribed was not generally received, and the result was that the entire value of the crop was lost, and the value of the crop largely crippled for want of funds, only some \$500 being paid in. Nothing could be done in the way of establishing agencies because of lack of funds, and the directors were forced to ship through commission houses, as was done the season before, for a rule, first-class, and in many cases the firms went out for shipment, while the remainder sought means in their power to obtain reliable market quotations, but found that on account of the condition of the fruit shipped no such quotations could be had. He laid the matter before the Executive Committee, and it was decided that, under the circumstances, it was best to send out no quotations.

A limited number of cars were shipped by the union, some seventy in all, from San Gabriel, Duarre, Pomona, and Ontario. The quality of the fruit offered was not, as a rule, first-class, and in many cases the firms would not accept it. The union staff could not be sent forward, as the pressing need remained, and the men were disappointed with returns. Early in the season California oranges were placed on the "black list" in Eastern markets on account of the large quantity of frozen fruit shipped, so that after this the union staff could not be sent forward, as the pressing need remained, and the men were disappointed with returns.

Some of the legislators believe that they should convene on January 2, others incline to the belief that Tuesday, January 3, is the proper time, while the remainder figure out that all the first Monday in January is a holiday, it doesn't count, and that Monday, January 1, is the proper time for commencing their labors.

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WANTS HIS FREEDOM

F. M. Garrett Moving to Secure a Pardon.

His Daughter Declares That She Perjured Herself

When She Swore He Was the Author of Her Ruin.

She Says She Sacrificed Her Father to Save Her Lover—Her Letter to Gov. Markham—The Facts in the Case.

Most people in Los Angeles and vicinity will remember the Garrett incest case, which caused such a sensation in the latter part of 1889, and which resulted, after two trials, in Capt. F. M. Garrett being convicted and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment in San Quentin. Garrett first came to Los Angeles in 1887 or 1888, and was first employed as a detective by Mayor Workman. He claimed to have been connected with the New Orleans police force, and also said he had been a railroad detective in St. Louis. He was a good talker, and had quite a faculty of making friends. His family consisted of two daughters, Maliah, aged 16, and Ella, aged 10. Garrett aspired to be Chief of Police, and almost succeeded, but was finally provided for in the office of the Street Superintendent. Garrett's family affairs first became public through the arrest of James Edgcomb, a worthless young painter, for the seduction of the elder girl, Maliah. This matter was settled by Edgcomb marrying the girl, and almost immediately after she swore to a complaint charging her father with having been criminally intimate with her. The trial which followed was a most sensational one, and a frightful state of depravity on Garrett's part was developed. Not only did the elder girl testify repeatedly that her father was the author of her ruin, giving the most minute details as to times and places when the criminal acts were committed, but her testimony was corroborated by the younger girl, and damaging testimony was also adduced as to Garrett's past life at New Orleans. As the result of this evidence Garrett was finally convicted and sent to San Quentin, and the girl and her husband left the city. From time to time reports have reached this city of the wretched life of the miserable girl, leading with her drunken husband, but late nothing has been heard of them.

For the first year that Garrett was in San Quentin he was very quiet. He then began to pose as an injured innocent, and it now appears that there is an organized movement to secure his pardon. The San Francisco Examiner of Tuesday devotes two columns to the case, taking the ground that he is innocent, and publishes a letter from the daughter, in which she confesses that she perjured herself and consigned her father to the penitentiary to save her lover. All of this will be news to people who are familiar with the case. Garrett had a fair trial and every opportunity was given him to prove his innocence. There was nothing in the testimony of the girl to show that she was not telling the truth; in fact, she tried in every way in her power to shield her father, and when sentence was passed it was the general opinion that he had escaped with a very light penalty, considering the enormity of his offense. Following is the daughter's letter to Gov. Markham, asking executive clemency for her father:

MORTON, (Alameda), Oct. 9, 1892.
His Excellency, Gov. H. H. Markham, Sacramento, Cal.—DEAR SIR: I am informed that my father, Capt. F. M. Garrett, has petitioned you to pardon and release him from prison at San Quentin, where he is now serving a ten years' sentence. I am his daughter and was the prime witness against him, and will make a statement of the facts. I signed the bills of information and aided others in securing his conviction.

My father, my little sister and I were keeping house, and we were a happy family until my father met James Edgcomb, who, on one afternoon while my father was at his office, called at our house, and when I went to the door, introduced himself and asked that he might call on me. I was only 15 years old, and I felt highly elated over the idea of receiving attention. I told him I would give him an answer next day. When I told my parents when he came home and he told me what he had done, he was refused and cursed me. I returned home and told my father, and he became angry and said, "I'll get that boy." So he got a gun and went to the cold storage house against my father's will. He couldn't find him, though, and so he made charges on which Edgcomb was arrested.

However, James Edgcomb came the next day, and papa forbade him to leave. I pleaded and begged to allow him to come once in a while, but papa said he had said all he could say on the matter, and when he said did not daunt me. I let him come to the house against my father's will. We became engaged to be married, but I was betrayed by him. I went to him one day and pleaded, but he refused and cursed me. I returned home and told my father, and he became angry and said, "I'll get that boy." So he got a gun and went to the cold storage house against my father's will. He couldn't find him, though, and so he made charges on which Edgcomb was arrested.

Papa was so angry with me for the disgrace he had brought upon him that he threatened to disown me if he would not put me out, so when Edgcomb's friends came to see me and said he wanted to marry me I was only too glad. I went and married him in the jail. By the influence of my husband and others I was then made to put a charge against my father in order to clear Edgcomb. There were two witnesses who were made to perjure themselves in Edgcomb's behalf, and to papa's downfall. Almost every word they spoke was false.

I understand you have in your possession a letter written by me to my mother-in-law, which I never finished nor signed. I do not remember reading it, said the letter, but, as the best of my recollection, what I did write was true. My father is innocent of the charge on which he was convicted. He has raised me tenderly, nursed me through my many sicknesses, struggled hard for a living to send me to school, and, in effect, seen the world, has been a loving and kind father.

If I was in Sacramento I would go to you and kneel at your feet and beg of you to right the terrible wrong which has been done to my father, for again I say he is innocent. I pray that you look into this matter carefully and my prayer to God and to you is to see the truth in the sight. And surely if you answer that earned prayer you will receive your crown of glory before the Great White Throne of God. I pray that the beautiful angels will hover around you and guide you to do right.

Think what it must be to be in prison, sick and lonely, and to die, and be shut up away from the outside world for something you had never done. I was made to do wrong, but my prayer by day and by night is for God to forgive me for being instrumental in placing papa where he is. I have never been happy for one moment since my father has been in prison.

My life was good, but now it has been greater. I had a dear, beautiful little baby who was my heart's idol. God took that baby. My husband has proven a villain in more ways than one. Thus you see I have repaid what I have sown. But what must my father's life be suffering for nothing?

Oh, you are a good, powerful man. On you hangs the life of an innocent man. Give him life, for he will never serve out his time. He is sick and it will surely kill him. I hope I have not consumed too much of your valuable time, but to me this is a matter of right and wrong: to my father it means life or death. With a prayer on me

tips that you will see justice done to an innocent man, and that man my father. I will close, hoping you will deem this worthy of your immediate attention.

I remain, with great respect,
MRS. J. EDGCOMB.

REFORM ASSOCIATION.

Preliminary Steps Taken by the Executive Committee. The Executive Committee of the Citizens' Reform Association held its first regular meeting yesterday afternoon in the office of H. O. Collins, all of the members appointed being present with the exception of Messrs. Brotherton and Freeman, who were detained from attending by business engagements.

T. D. Stimson, as president of the new organization, acted as chairman, and H. O. Collins as secretary, both being ex-officio members of the committee in their respective positions, as provided for in the plan of procedure adopted.

Those present, by the interest manifested, showed that they were thoroughly determined to carry the movement through to a successful finish at any cost. The whole situation was discussed at length, and many new features presented along the line of proposed reform as well as the various remedies by which remedies could be secured. As before mentioned, the accepted plan of action most favorably considered by all is to introduce into the next Legislature such bills to become general laws as will affect the city and county governments on the points desired.

The committee yesterday made a good beginning in the way of preparation, appointing, after thorough consideration of all necessary details, various sub-committees, and outlining the general work.

Upon motion it was agreed to have a circular letter drawn up to mail to leading men throughout the county, soliciting their support and asking them to assist in securing members for the association, in order that the movement might be widely disseminated. H. O. Collins and Abbot Kinney being appointed to take that branch in

charge.

Messrs. Hazard, Klokke and Forman were designated as a committee to select some city lawyer best qualified to draw up the bills for presentation before the Legislature, with Messrs. Silent, Stephens, Murphy, Variei and Hutton as a supplementary committee, to examine and pass upon any such papers drawn up for passage.

Other committees were appointed as follows:

On ways and means—Messrs. Hazard, H. Newmark, William Lacy and J. S. Sluson.

On further investigation and compilation of statistics—G. J. Griffith and Abbott Kinney.

The committee will meet again on Wednesday next at 2 p.m.

ENGLISH COLONISTS.

Movement to Induce Them to Settle on California Lands.

While the practice of investment by English capitalists in large tracts of land on a purely speculative basis in America is looked upon with disfavor and generally discredited, there is one form of English patronage which Americans do care to encourage, and that is the settlement of English colonists of the middle class, who buy small lots of realty with the intent of improving and making it their home place from which they may derive a comfortable living. Among such people in London are several companies now working with the idea of inducing them to immigrate to California. Maj. House, a representative of one of those organizations, arrived in the city this week from London, on a trip of business and pleasure combined. To a Times reporter he outlined briefly the course of work upon which his firm were engaged and the general probabilities for increasing the business of the same.

The English people, he said, as a rule are inclined to be incredulous of the resources given them of the wonderful

land section, as they can scarcely believe in any investment which gives them a larger return than they can get at home. The companies endeavored to give a fair statement, without discoloration, of things as they exist, not wishing any one to come over and be dissatisfied with their bargains.

Under the present arrangement of the English firm, working in conjunction with the land company, each colonist may purchase any amount of land in parcels of over twenty acres, paying for the same in installments covering five years of time.

After the difficulty of prejudice and lack of belief in the country's description and possibilities are overcome and a number of colonies settled, it is expected that immigration will be largely increased and much of the new improved land of the State will be settled with a thrifty and industrious people.

Another Railroad Needed.

O. H. Morton, now visiting in Southern California, writes at length to the Times on the growth and progress of this section as he finds it, after an interval of absence. He is more than pleased with the prospect, but laments the condition of transportation affairs, claiming that by means of a combine now existing, the railroad companies are not working for the interest of the country in the way that they should, rather favoring Florida and other localities. He believes the rates charged, both passenger and freight, between here and the East are exorbitant beyond reason, and thinks that the only way to escape the clutches of alleged monopoly is by putting through an opposition road connecting this city with Salt Lake.

The NEW PLEASANTON, 715 Howard Street, San Francisco, first-class hotel, 200 rooms, suite and single, gas and running water in each room, ladies' parlor, reading and smoking room, best hotel in the world. Per day, \$6 and up; per week, \$35 and up.

THE EW GRAND, 215 Third st., bet. Howard and Folsom, San Francisco. Recently refurnished, 200 rooms, suite and single, \$6 and up; per week, \$35 and up.

E. FIRE HOUSE, 929 Commercial st., San Francisco, 180 rooms, suite and single, well-kept room and clean beds. Per day, \$6 and up; per week, \$35 and up. Housecar open all night. JACOB HOGES & CO., proprietors.

To remove PIMPLES, FRECKLES, MOTHS and CLEAR SKIN. Warren's Patent Skin Remedy. Get it from Dr. Wm. C. Monroe, Chicago. At drugstores, mailed on receipt of price, \$1 per box.

For sale by GODFREY & MOORE, 168 S. Spring st., opp. Hotel Ned, Los Angeles, Calif.

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DR. COLLINS, Ophthalmic Optician, with the Los Angeles Optical Institute, 125 S. Spring st., Los Angeles.

DR. SWANFELDT, 247 S. MAIN st., Los Angeles.

CHEAP DINNER TEA AND TOILET SERVICES. Plates and Bowls for the Million. Haviland China. AMATEURS SUPPLIES. Staffordshire Crockery Co., 417 S. Spring st., Los Angeles.

S. AKITA, Manufacturer of Bamboo Goods, Wholesale and Retail. Special Designs Made to Order. 648 S. Spring st., Los Angeles, Calif.

FOR THROAT AND LUNG complaints, the best remedy is AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

In colds, bronchitis, la grippe, and croup, it is

Prompt to Act sure to cure.

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BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES,
LOS ANGELES, Dec. 14, 1892.

According to the San Francisco "Prospectus" Exchange returns of stock on hand in this State on the 1st of December, 1892, the wheat crop of California for the past year was 1,100,000 short tons. The result is wrought out as follows:

Stock December 1, 1892, tons... 621,492

Export to December 1... 354,230

Consumption, 12 months... 150,000

Stocked..... 100,000

Crop less..... 1,000,000

Crop of 1892..... 1,000,000

These figures include four reduced to wheat. It is claimed that the invisible supply, with what may be received from Oregon, will supply all wants for consumption up to June 1, 1893, so long as no crop is in sight on the 1st available for export less what may be carried over into the next crop year.

Money, Stocks and Bonds.

NEW YORK, Dec. 14.—The movements of the stock market were less uniform today. The bears devoted special attention to Reading and Allentown, and depressed these shares. At the same time they took profit and held and marked the price down over a point. After many fluctuations the market closed firm in tone.

Government bonds closed quiet.

NEW YORK, Dec. 14.—MONEY—On call, 4½% per cent; closed offered at 4 per cent.

PRIME MERCANTILE PAPER—4½% per cent.

SHIPPING EXCHANGE—Firm, with actual business in 60-day bills at 4½%; demand, 4½%.

New York Stock Exchange.

Atchison..... 34½ U.S. 10
A. & F. 11½ New York 72
Am. Col. Oil 4½ Or. S. L. 21
C. H. & Q. 98½ P. Mall. 27½
Can. Pac. 80½ Full Palace, 107½
Can. South 56½ Pac. 6's. 105
Cen. Pac. 27½ Reading 54½
D. & L. 13½ Rich. W. 100
D. & P. 12½ Rockford 20
Doublers 70½ R. G. W. pfd. 63
Gen. Electric. 114½ R. G. W. 1st. 80
Illinoian Cen. 90½ Rock Is. 84½
Kan. & Tex. 29 St. Paul 78½
Lake Shore 131½ St. P. & O. 48½
Lead Trust 50 Sugar 108½
Mass. Nash 10½ St. P. & O. 30½
Mich. Cent. 10½ St. P. & O. 30½
Mo. Pac. 58½ U.S. Exp. 60
North Am. 11½ U. S. 4's reg. 113
N. Pac. 16½ U. S. 4's comp. 114
N. Pac. pfd. 48½ U. S. 2's reg. 100
N. W. 112½ Wells Fargo 145
N. W. pfd. 5½ W. Union 90½
N. Y. C. 110½ Wm. & Com. 44
New York Mining Stocks.

NEW YORK, Dec. 14.

Con. Cal. & Co. 2 25 Sierra Nev. 1 20

Douglas. 1 10 Standard. 1 30

Homestake. 13 00 Union Con. 1 10

Mexican. 1 10 Yellow Jacket. 55

North Star. 6 50 Iron Silver. 40

Ontario. 12 00 Quicksilver. 3 00

Ophir. 1 15 Quicksilver. pfd. 18 00

Plymouth. 30

Stocks.

BOSTON, Dec. 14.—Closing: Atchison, Topeka and Santa F. 34½; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 90; Mexican Central, 11; Bell Telephone, 2.09.

Bar Silver.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 14.—BAR SILVER—82½%82½.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 14.—MEXICAN DOL. LBS.—67½67½.

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS.

Grain.

CHICAGO, Dec. 14.—Wheat had moderate trade. The market opened unchanged, declined ½¢ on local liquidations, lower cables, increased stocks and small exports; rallied ½¢ on covering by the shorts; weakened and closed easy and ¾¢ lower than yesterday.

Receipts were 223,000 bushels; shipments, 110,000.

Closing quotations: WHEAT—easy; cash, 71½; May, 77½.

OATS—Easy; cash, 30½; May, 35.

RYE—48.

HARLEY—34.

FLAX—1.09.

TIMOTHY—2.00.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 14.—WHEAT—Offered moderately; No. 2 red winter closed dull at 5½¢.

Corn—Offered moderately; spot closed steady at 4s 3d; December, steady at 4s 2d; January, steady at 4s 2d; January, new, steady at 4s 1d.

Pork.

CHICAGO, Dec. 14.—MESS PORK—Quiet; cash, 14.45; May, 15.67.

Lard.

CHICAGO, Dec. 14.—LARD—Quiet; cash, 9.52½; January, 9.57½.

Irry Salt Meats.

CHICAGO, Dec. 14.—DRUGS, SALT MEATS, Ribs, Quilet, 9½¢; January, 9.22½; short clear, 8.70; 8.75; shoulders, 7.62½ @ 7.75.

Whisky.

CHICAGO, Dec. 14.—WHISKY—Quoted at 1.25.

Petroleum.

NEW YORK, Dec. 14.—PETROLEUM—January closed at 33 bid, 53½ asked.

Wool.

NEW YORK, Dec. 14.—WOOL—Fair demand and firm; domestic, 23½35; pulled, 20½32.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Dec. 14.—COFFEE—Options closed firm, 20½35 points up; sales were 55,750 bags, including December, 15,809; 15,95; January, 15,25@15.55; May, 14,80 @15.05; spot Rio, closed firmer and quiet; No. 7, 16½17½.

Spices—Closed more active and firm; fair refining, 3; centrifugals, 90° test, 3½; Muscovado, 89° test, 3.

Ex-ship; refined, closed quiet; off A 4½@4½; mould, A 4. 5½@4½; standard A. 4 11½@12½; confectioners, A 4 9½@10½; cut loaf, 5 10½@5½; crushed, 5 1½@6½; granulated, 4 11½@12½; cubes, 4 13½@14½; granulated, 4 11½@12½; tubes, 4 13½@14½.

Hops—Dull but easy; State, good to choice, 18½23; Pacific, 18½22.

COPPER—Firm; lake, 12.25.

LEAD—Quiet; steady; domestic, 3.75.

TIN—Moderate demand and steady; straits, 19½20.

Cloves—Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, Dec. 14.—CATTLE—The receipts were 18,000. The market closed quiet; best cattle, dull and weak for others; Christmas heaves, 5½@6½; good to choice, 4 40@5½; others, 2 75@4½; stockers, 1.50@3.40.

HOGS—The receipts were 29,000 head.

The market was steady, 3½@4½ higher; rough and common, 3.50@6.30; prime and mixed, 5.50@6.30; prime to heavy, 6.35@6.55; butchers' weights, 6.22@6.35; light, 5.90@6.23; skips and pigs, 5.00@5.85.

Sheep—The receipts were 7500 head.

The market closed 2½ lower than Monday.

Christmas wethers, 5.40@5.50; Texan, 3.80@5.25; westerns, 4.40@4.85; Texas, 4.25@4.70; Mexicans, 3.00@4.30.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 14.—[Special to THE TIMES.] The vegetable market is dull for ordinary varieties and prices are weak.

Potatoes are in fair demand and prices are strong. Onions are firm and active. Mushrooms are scarce, only seven boxes coming in today. Asparagus is in light demand.

Black grapes are firmly held for choice varieties.

There is little doing in fresh fruits.

Choice apples are the only variety in demand. Grapes are neglected. Lady apples arrive in small quantities. Persimmons move off slowly. Cranberries are stiffening up. Pears are weak. Citrus fruits are

riving from the South are too green to be readily marketable.

Grain.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 14.—WHEAT—Was insure, May, 1.30½; buyer December, 1.20½.

HARLEY—Inactive; May, 85½; Corn—1.10.

Fruit.

GRAPES—25@85 per box.

PERSIMMONS—50@75 per box.

APPLES—40@100 per box for common to good; 1.30@2.00 for choice; mountain apples, 1.30@2.00.

PEARS—50@1.25 per box.

CHERRIES—10.00@11.00 per barrel.

LIMES—Mexican 3.00@3.50 per box; California, 50@75.

LEMONS—Sicily, 6.00@7.00; California, 2.50@4.00 for lemon, and 5.00@6.00 per box for choice.

ORANGES—Mexican, 4.00@6.00 per dozen.

MELONS—Mexican 3.00@3.50 per box; California, 50@75.

STRAWBERRIES—1.00@1.25 per box.

PEACHES—White, 10@12 per lb; red, 8@10 per lb.

PLUMS—Pitted, 9½@10 per lb; unpitted, 2½@5.

NECTARINES—White, 10@12 per lb; red, 8@10 per lb.

GRAPES—2½@4 per lb.

RAISINS—London layers, 1.25@1.50 per box; loose Muscatel, 75@1.00 per box.

PRUNES—Small, 6½@8½; large, 8½@10½ for four sizes; fifth size 50@60, 9½@10½@11½.

PRUNES—Pitted, 40@42 per cental.

PEACHES—Bleached, 7@10 per lb; sun dried, 6@8 per lb.

APRICOTS—Royal, 11@12 per lb; Moorpark, 15@16.

GRAPES—2½@4 per lb.

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